Mr Matthew Weaver

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, October 24, 1797. [No 1854.]

NEWPORT: (Rhode-Iſland) Publiſhed by HENRY BARBER, near the State-Houſe.

Redwood Library.

AS many valuable Sets of Books belonging to this Inſtitution are broken, and a Number of uſeful Authors miſſing, it is the Requeſt of the Directors, that any Perſon, who through Neglect or Accident may have any Book or Books, bearing the Name of *Redwood Library*, in their Poſſeſſion, would return them to the Librarian, at the Library Houſe, on Wedneſday at 3 o'Clock of ſome Week, as early as may be convenient; as they wiſh to have a complete Catalogue made of the Books, and hope that the Library will ſoon be on a reputable Footing.

By Order of the Directors,
WILLIAM PATTEN, *Librarian.*
Newport, Oct. 11, 1797.

To be Sold, by the Subſcriber,

TWO Hundred and Seventy Acres of LAND, laying on Boſton-Neck, being the Weſtward Part of his Farm, about one Mile from the Ferry; ſaid Land to be ſurveyed; the Title indiſputable; a warrantee Deed will be given with the Poſſeſſion, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March next—it is well walled in Eight Diviſions, and well watered; has a good Orchard, Houſe, Barn and Crib, thereon; it is bounded Weſterly on the Petiquamſcut River, one of the beſt Herring and Baſs Fiſheries.——The Premiſes conſiſts of good Meadow and Paſture, and Land ſuitable for Plowing, together with a Privilege on the Weſtguage Beach for carting a Sufficiency of Rockweed and Sand for the manuring ſaid Land.——For Terms apply to ROWLAND BROWN, of South-Kingſtown, or JOHN FAXON, of Newport.

JOHN GARDINER.
October 17, 1797.

To be Sold, by

John Grimes,

A Few excellent Feather BEDS—ſeveral Pieces of SWANSKINS—and a beautiful Aſſortment of Satin RIBBONS.

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

FOR SALE,

A Convenient Dwelling-Houſe, ſituated on the Point, near the Houſe, formerly belonging to the late PHILIP MOSS, containing Four Rooms and a Shop on the Floor, with a good Well of Water and Garden.——For further Particulars, inquire of

FRANCIS ANDERSON,
(on the Ferry-Wharf.
Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

ALL Perſons concerned, are hereby informed, that the Subſcribers are duly empowered to ſettle and adjuſt all the Affairs and Concerns of the Eſtate of the late JOHN LAWTON, Innholder, deceaſed.—All thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to bring them forward, and all thoſe indebted thereto to make immediate Payment; as otherwiſe their Accounts Notes, Bonds, &c. will be ſpeedily put in Suit.

JOHN ELDRED,
ROBERT LAWTON, jun.
Newport Oct. 16, 1797.

THE Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Town-Council Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Mr. DANIEL MASON, late of this Town, Merchant, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent.—Six Months from the 2d Inſt. being allowed for that Purpoſe——All Perſons having any Demand againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to exhibit them to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the Time above mentioned.

BENJAMIN SAYER.
JOHN ROBINSON, jun.
Newport 17th *October*, 1797.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment to

JOHN [illegible], *Adminiſtrator.*

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of JOSEPH ALLEN, late of Briſtol, Sail-Maker, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in for Settlement; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make Payment to

ANN ALLEN, *Adminiſtratrix.*
Newport, Oct. 17, 1797.

For Sale, by

JOSEPH LYON,

SUperfine Flour; Fine Ditto; Conell; Seacoal; good Aſh Plank; round Aſh Timber; good Aſh Oars, and white Pine Boards.

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

Chriſtopher Fowler & Co.

Reſpectfully inform the Public,

THAT they have opened a WHOLESALE, GROCERY, and COMMISSION STORE, on Mr. Langley's Wharf, where they have for Sale, at the moſt moderate Prices, for Caſh or approved Notes,

1ſt, 2d, and 4th Proof French Brandy, and beſt Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.

Weſt India and New England Rum, per Hogſhead or Barrel.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Caſk.

Gunpowder, Hyſon, and Souchong Teas, per Cheſt or Dozen.

White and Brown Sugars, per Barrel.

Chocolate, per Box.

Pepper and Pimento, per Bag.

Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Caſſia, per lb.

Currants per Caſk.

Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen.

Cotton per Bag.

Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel.

Window Glaſs per Box, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 10 by 8.

Beſt Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar.

White Lead and Spaniſh Brown, per Caſk,

And 50 Barrels Pitch.

☞ Country Traders are invited to call at the above Store, where they may be furniſhed with Supplies, upon ſuch Terms as will induce them to *call again.*

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

Drugs, Medicines, &c. &c.

THE Subſcribers having juſt received a freſh Supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTERS COLOURS, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, &c. &c.—Take this Method to inform their Cuſtomers, both in Town and Country, that they can Supply them with any of the above Articles, upon very moderate Terms.——

Among other Articles, they have

For Painters,
Linſeed Oil, per Caſk or Gallon,
White Lead,
Spaniſh White,
Venetian Red,
Red Lead,
Spruce Yellow, } per C. or Pound.
Verdigreaſe,
Pruſſian Blue, 1ſt and 2d Quality,
Common Varniſh,
Copal Ditto, &c. &c.

For Clothiers & Hatters,
Oil of Vitriol,
Blue Vitriol,
White Ditto,
Allum,
Copperas,
Ground Camwood,
Do. Madder, } per C. or Pound.
Nutgalls,
Anatto,
Liquid Blue,
Tartar, &c &c.

Patent Medicines,
James's Analeptic
Anderſon's,
Hooper's,
Lee's, } Pills.
Lockyer's,
Daffy's Elixir,
Godfrey's Cordial,
Balſam of Honey,
Lozenges of Tolu
Refin'd Liquorice } for Colds.
Cephalic Snuff,
Eſſence of Peppermint,
Haerlem Oil,
Britiſh Ditto,
James's Fever Powders
Pungent Smelling Salts.
Salts of Vinegar,
Steer's Opodeldoc,
Turlington's Balſam,
Walker's Jeſuits Drops,
Glaſs's Magneſia,
Royal Tooth Powder.

Alſo Caſſia, Pimento, Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs—Smelling Bottles and Tooth Bruſhes, of various Kinds—Roll Brimſtone by the Hundred.

Beſt Rhubarb by the Cheſt—Engliſh double refined Salt Petre, by the Hundred or Pound.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.
Newport, October 16 1797.

For Sale, by

THOMAS HANDY,

At the Sugar-Houſe lately improved by Meſſieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,

Single and double-refined,

and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or ſingle Loaf.——Alſo, MOLASSES of a ſuperior Quality, [illegible].

AUCTION.

TO-MORROW, the 25*th of October, at* 11 *o'Clock A. M. will be expoſed to Sale, at Public Auction, on the Premiſes, in Thames-Street,*

The valuable Eſtate, formerly the Property of SIMON PEASE, Eſq; ſituated [illegible] Dwelling Houſe, a Garden, Wharf, Stores, Stable, Chaiſe-Houſe, &c.——The Conditions to be known at the Sale, or of

FRANCIS BRINLEY.
Newport, Sept. 25, 1797.

JUST LANDED,

The Cargo of the Ship Ruſſell from Canton, conſiſting of

BOHEA,
Hyſon,
Hyſon Skin,
Young Hyſon,
Souchong,
Chulang, } TEAS, freſh, and of ſuperior Qualities.

CHINA, in Tea, Breakfaſt, and dining Setts,

Floor Matts, and Window Screens,

FOR SALE, BY

Gibbs & Channing.

Who have alſo for SALE,

Ruſſia clean Hemp,

Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions,

Ruſſia and Ravens Duck,

Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, in flat and ſquare Bars, aſſorted.

Cognac Brandy and Holland's Gin,

[illegible]

Weſt-India and New-England Rum per Hogſhead,

Sugar per Hogſhead,

6 by 8, 7 by 9 Window Glaſs, by the Box or larger Quantity.

Newport, Auguſt 8 1797.

John Handy

Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholeſale and Retail, at the loweſt Rates for Caſh, or ſhort approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.——Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerſeymeres, Shalloons, Rattinetts, Florentines, Ruſſells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Iriſh Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper-Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muſlin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, ſuperfine India, Jaconet & Book Muſlins, Muſlinets, Marſeilles Quilting for Waiſtcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Jeanets, Fuſtians, Dimities, Nankeens, ſtriped and twilled; Satins, Luſtrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worſted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Childrens Morocco Shoes, &c.——Alſo, a few Caſks of Rice.

Newport, Sept 25, 1797.

TO BE LET,

A convenient Bake-Houſe in good Repair, by

JOHN COGGESHALL.

THE Subſcriber, intending to leave this Town and State this Fall, (perhaps for ſeveral Years) deſires all Perſons who have any Demands on him, to call and receive their Pay;—and all thoſe indebted to him, are requeſted to call and ſettle, by paying the Money, or giving good Security.——

As a Number of Cuſtomers are indebted to him, for whom he has a particular Friendſhip, he thinks it would be for their Intereſt to ſettle with him, in Preference to an Attorney—in whoſe Hands he ſhall leave all Buſineſs that may remain unſettled, when he leaves the Place.

ETHAN CLARKE.
Newport, Auguſt 28, 1797.

AMSTERDAM, July 23.

THE 1ſt of Auguſt next, the Primary Aſſemblies are convoked to proceed to the renewal of the National Repreſentation. On the 8th, they are to pronounce upon the acceptance or rejection of the Conſtitution, which the Dutch Convention have been employed in completing.

BASLE, July 31.

The [illegible] in the Valteline are nearly at an end. The juſt and moderate propoſals made by the Griſons to the inſurgents, and the generous interference of Buonaparte, have produced a conciliatory iſſue to a meaſure that ſeemed at firſt irremediable. The Griſons and Valtelines addreſſed themſelves to him, to demand protection; he replied to the latter, that the Valteline would do better to remain united to the Griſons and Switzerland, than to aſſociate her fate to that of the Ciſalpine Republic; and he agreed to be mediator, for the purpoſe of cauſing the Valtelines to adopt the propoſition decreed at the diet of Coire, that their country ſhould hereafter be wholly united to the Griſons forming the 4th line, and participating all the rights and franchiſes of the Griſons. This conduct has inſpired the utmoſt confidence in, and eſteem for Buonaparte. We are alſo recovered from the fears we had felt reſpecting the refuſal of the paſſage by the Valais. It is known that the Directory are reſolved to drop the affair.

PARIS.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED. *Aug.* 5.

Debonnieres, in the name of the Special Commiſſion, made a report on the petition of General Montalembert, aged 83 years. The General enjoyed a penſion of 20 000 livres which was reduced to 3000 livres, and which he has ceaſed to receive. This brave ſoldier, who ſerved for 65 years, and who is the author of ten volumes on fortifications, which he preſented to the Convention, as well as of a cabinet of bas reliefs, repreſenting all the [illegible], the Reporter ſtated to be at this time reduced to a ſtate of extreme indigence ſo much ſo that he hourly expected an execution in his houſe, in conſequence of his incapacity to diſcharge a debt of 300 livres. After having paid him a well merited tribute, of praiſe, and recommended him to the Directory; he propoſed that the General ſhould have an annual proviſional ſuccour of 6000 livres. Ordered to be printed and adjourned.

His wife, aged 26 years at the moſt, and extremely beautiful, was at the bar. Tears flowed from her eyes; and ſeveral deputies viewed her ſo attentively, that a *decree of urgency* was expected to be called for.

Favart ſubmitted for diſcuſſion a plan relative to the tranſactions anterior to the depreciation of paper money. Several articles purporting that all the obligations of an anterior date to the 1ſt of January 1791, and thoſe poſterior to the promulgation of the law of 29 Meſſidor of the 4th year, are to be paid in metallic ſpecie, were adopted. The other articles were adjourned.

DUBLIN, Auguſt 6.

Such a number of returns for great towns and counties, without a ſhadow of oppoſition, has never before taken place. The preſent General Election is without parallel in this reſpect. It would be childiſh to impute this occurrence to any averſion on the part of the gentry, to interrupt the public tranquility on one hand, or to an approbation on the part of the People on the other, of the conduct which diſtinguiſhed the Members of the laſt Houſe of Commons. The fact is, that a great alteration has taken place in public opinion. Thoſe who form any opinion of their own, deſpair of obtaining any thing from Parliament, while the repreſentation continues to be ſo lamentably and glaringly defective, except additional taxes and new penal laws—they, therefore, keep aloof from the ſcene, in the untranquilized retirement of Achilles—

——"That direful ſpring
"Of woes unnumber'd."

And as to the leading individuals in the ſeveral counties, the perplexity of the times, and the current belief that the new Parliament will be very ſhort lived, induce them to await the event, rather than riſque much trouble and expence for an advantage, the poſſeſſion of which appears to be ſo very precarious.

LONDON, Auguſt 10.

Madame Stael, Madame Tallien, and Mademoiſelle Lange, are now the three leading Belles at Paris. The firſt eſtabliſhes her influence by her *wit* and *talents*, the ſecond by her *ſplendour*, and the third by her *perſonal charms.*

Mr Matthew Weaver

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, October 24, 1797. [N° 1854.]

NEWPORT: *(Rhode-Iſland)* Publiſhed by HENRY BARBER, near the State-Houſe.

Redwood Library.

AS many valuable Sets of Books belonging to this Inſtitution are broken, and a Number of uſeful Authors miſſing, it is the Requeſt of the Directors, that any Perſon, who through Neglect or Accident may have any Book or Books, bearing the Name of *Redwood Library*, in their Poſſeſſion, would return them to the Librarian, at the Library Houſe, on Wedneſday at 3 o'Clock of ſome Week, as early as may be convenient; as they wiſh to have a complete Catalogue made of the Books, and hope that the Library will ſoon be on a reputable Footing.

By Order of the Directors,
WILLIAM PATTEN, *Librarian.*
Newport, Oct 11, 1797.

To be Sold, by the Subſcriber,

TWO Hundred and Seventy Acres of LAND, laying on Boſton-Neck, being the Weſtward Part of his Farm, about one Mile from the Ferry; ſaid Land to be ſurveyed; the Title indiſputable; a warrantee Deed will be given with the Poſſeſſion, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March next—it is well walled in Eight Diviſions, and well watered; has a good Orchard, Houſe, Barn and Crib, thereon; it is bounded Weſterly on the Petiquamſcut River, one of the beſt Herring and Baſs Fiſheries.——The Premiſes conſiſts of good Meadow and Paſture, and Land ſuitable for Plowing, together with a Privilege on the Weſtguage Beach for carting a Sufficiency of Rockweed and Sand for the manuring ſaid Land.——For Terms apply to ROWLAND BROWN, of South-Kingſtown, or JOHN FAXON, of Newport.

JOHN GARDINER.
October 17, 1797.

To be Sold, by

John Grimes,

A Few excellent Feather BEDS—ſeveral Pieces of SWANSKINS—and a beautiful Aſſortment of Satin RIBBONS.

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

FOR SALE,

A Convenient Dwelling-Houſe, ſituated on the Point, near the Houſe, formerly belonging to the late PHILIP MOSS, containing Four Rooms and a Shop on the Floor, with a good Well of Water and Garden.——For further Particulars, inquire of

FRANCIS ANDERSON,
(on the Ferry-Wharf.
Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

ALL Perſons concerned, are hereby informed, that the Subſcribers are duly empowered to ſettle and adjuſt all the Affairs and Concerns of the Eſtate of the late JOHN LAWTON, Innholder, deceaſed.—All thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to bring them forward, and all thoſe indebted thereto to make immediate Payment; as otherwiſe their Accounts Notes, Bonds, &c. will be ſpeedily put in Suit.

JOHN ELDRED,
ROBERT LAWTON, jun.
Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

THE Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Town-Council Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Mr. DANIEL MASON, late of this Town, Merchant, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent.—Six Months from the 2d Inſt. being allowed for that Purpoſe——All Perſons having any Demand againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to exhibit them to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the Time above mentioned.

BENJAMIN SAYER.
JOHN ROBINSON, jun.
Newport, 17th October, 1797.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment to

JOHN POURS, *Adminiſtrator.*

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of JOSEPH ALLEN, late of Briſtol, Sail Maker, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in for Settlement; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make Payment to

ANN ALLEN, *Adminiſtratrix.*
Newport, Oct. 17, 1797.

For Sale, by

JOSEPH LYON,

SUperfine Flour; Fine Ditto; Conell; Seacoal; good Aſh Plank; round Aſh Timber; good Aſh Oars, and white Pine Boards.

Newport, Oct 16, 1797.

Chriſtopher Fowler & Co.

Reſpectfully inform the Public,

THAT they have opened a WHOLESALE, GROCERY, and COMMISSION STORE, on Mr. Langley's Wharf, where they have for Sale, at the moſt moderate Prices, for Caſh or approved Notes,

1ſt, 2d, and 4th Proof French Brandy, and beſt Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.
Weſt India and New England Rum, per Hogſhead or Barrel.
Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Caſk.
Gunpowder, Hyſon, and Souchong Teas, per Cheſt or Dozen.
White and Brown Sugars, per Barrel.
Chocolate, per Box.
Pepper and Pimento, per Bag.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Caſſia, per lb.
Currants per Caſk.
Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen.
Cotton per Bag.
Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel.
Window Glaſs per Box, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 10 by 8.
Beſt Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar.
White Lead and Spaniſh Brown, per Caſk,
And 50 Barrels Pitch.

☞ Country Traders are invited to call at the above Store, where they may be furniſhed with Supplies, upon ſuch Terms as will induce them to *call again.*

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

Drugs, Medicines, &c. &c.

THE Subſcribers having juſt received a freſh Supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTERS COLOURS, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, &c. &c.—Take this Method to inform their Cuſtomers, both in Town and Country, that they can Supply them with any of the above Articles, upon very moderate Terms.——

Among other Articles, they have

For Painters,
LInſeed Oil, per Caſk or Gallon,
White Lead,
Spaniſh White,
Venetian Red,
Red Lead,
Spruce Yellow,
} per C. or Pound.
Verdigreaſe,
Pruſſian Blue, 1ſt and 2d Quality,
Common Varniſh,
Copal Ditto, &c. &c.

For Clothiers & Hatters,
Oil of Vitriol,
Blue Vitriol,
White Ditto,
Allum,
Copperas,
Ground Camwood,
Do. Madder,
} per C. or Pound.
Nutgalls,
Anatto,
Liquid Blue,
Tartar, &c. &c.

Patent Medicines,
James's Analeptic,
Anderſon's,
Hooper's,
Lee's,
Lockyer's,
} Pills.
Daffy's Elixir,
Godfrey's Cordial,
Balſam of Honey,
Lozenges of Tolu
Refin'd Liquorice
} for Colds.
Cephalic Snuff,
Eſſence of Peppermint,
Haerlem Oil,
Britiſh Ditto,
James's Fever Powders
Pungent Smelling Salts,
Salts of Vinegar,
Steer's Opodeldoc,
Turlington's Balſam,
Walker's Jeſuits Drops,
Glaſs's Magneſia,
Royal Tooth Powder.

Alſo Caſſia, Pimento, Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs—Smelling Bottles and Tooth Bruſhes, of various Kinds—Roll Brimſtone by the Hundred.

Beſt Rhubarb by the Cheſt—Engliſh double refined Salt Petre, by the Hundred or Pound.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.
Newport, October 16 1797.

For Sale, by

THOMAS HANDY,

At the Sugar-Houſe lately improved by Meſſieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,

Single and double-refined, and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or ſingle Loaf.——Alſo, MOLASSES of a ſuperior Quality, for retailing.

AUCTION.

TO-MORROW, the 25th of October, at 11 o'Clock A. M. will be expoſed to Sale, at Public Auction, on the Premiſes, in Thames-Street,

The valuable Eſtate, formerly the Property of SIMON PEASE, Eſq; deceaſed; conſiſting of a large, convenient Dwelling Houſe, a Garden, Wharf, Stores, Stable, Chaiſe-Houſe, &c.——The Conditions to be known at the Sale, or of

FRANCIS BRINLEY.
Newport, Sept. 25, 1797.

JUST LANDED,

The Cargo of the Ship Ruſſell from Canton, conſiſting of

BOHEA,
Hyſon,
Hyſon Skin,
Young Hyſon,
Souchong,
Chulang,
} TEAS, freſh, and of ſuperior Qualities.

CHINA, in Tea, Breakfaſt, and dining Setts,
Floor Matts, and Window Screens,

FOR SALE, BY
Gibbs & Channing.

Who have alſo for SALE,
Ruſſia clean Hemp,
Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions,
Ruſſia and Ravens Duck,
Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, in flat and ſquare Bars, aſſorted.
Cognac Brandy and Holland's Gin, [illegible] by the Pipe,
Weſt-India and New-England Rum per Hogſhead,
Sugar per Hogſhead,
6 by 8, 7 by 9 Window Glaſs, by the Box or larger Quantity.

Newport, August 8, 1797.

John Handy

Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholeſale and Retail, at the loweſt Rates for Caſh, or ſhort approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.——Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerſeymeres, Shalloons, Rattinetts, Florentines, Ruſſells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Iriſh Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper-Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muſlin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, ſuperfine India, Jaconet & Book Muſlins, Muſlinets, Marſeilles Quilting for Waiſtcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Jenes, Fuſtians, Diabets, Nankeens, ſtriped and twilled; Satins, Luſtrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worſted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Childrens Morocco Shoes, &c.—Alſo, a few Caſks of Rice.

Newport, Sept 25. 1797.

TO BE LET,

A convenient Bake-Houſe in good Repair, by

JOHN COGGESHALL.

THE Subſcriber, intending to leave this Town and State this Fall, (perhaps for ſeveral Years) deſires all Perſons who have any Demands on him, to call and receive their Pay;—and all thoſe indebted to him, are requeſted to call and ſettle, by paying the Money, or giving good Security.——

As a Number of Cuſtomers are indebted to him, for whom he has a particular Friendſhip, he thinks it would be for their Intereſt to ſettle with him, in Preference to an Attorney—in whoſe Hands he ſhall leave all Buſineſs that may remain unſettled, when he leaves the Place.

ETHAN CLARKE.
Newport, August 28, 1797.

AMSTERDAM, July 23.

THE 1ſt of Auguſt next, the Primary Aſſemblies are convoked to proceed to the renewal of the National Repreſentation. On the 8th, they are to pronounce upon the acceptance or rejection of the Conſtitution, which the Dutch Convention have been employed in completing.

BASLE, July 30.

The troubles in the Valteline are nearly at an end. The juſt and moderate propoſals made by the Griſons to the inſurgents, and the generous interference of Buonaparte, have produced a conciliatory iſſue to a meaſure that ſeemed at firſt irremediable. The Griſons and Valtelines addreſſed themſelves to him, to demand protection; he replied to the latter, that the Valentine would do better to remain united to the Griſons and Switzerland, than to aſſociate her fate to that of the Ciſalpine Republic; and he agreed to be mediator, for the purpoſe of cauſing the Valtelines to adopt the propoſition decreed at the diet of Coire, that their country ſhould hereafter be wholly united to the Griſons (forming the 4th line, and participating all the rights and franchiſes of the Griſons. This conduct has inſpired the utmoſt confidence in, and eſteem for Buonaparte. We are alſo recovered from the fears we had felt reſpecting the refuſal of the paſſage by the Valais. It is known that the Directory are reſolved to drop the affair.

PARIS.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED. *Aug. 5.*

Debonnieres, in the name of the Special Commiſſion, made a report on the petition of General Montalembert, aged 83 years. The General enjoyed a penſion of 20 000 livres which was reduced to 3000 livres, and which he has ceaſed to receive. This brave ſoldier, who ſerved for 65 years, and who is the author of ten volumes on fortifications, which he preſented to the Convention, as well as of a cabinet of bas reliefs, repreſenting all the pieces of known fortifications, the Reporter ſtated to be at this time reduced to a ſtate of extreme indigence ſo much ſo that he hourly expected an execution in his houſe, in conſequence of his incapacity to diſcharge a debt of 300 livres. After having paid him a well merited tribute, of praiſe, and recommended him to the Directory; he propoſed that the General ſhould have an annual proviſional ſuccour of 6000 livres. Ordered to be printed and adjourned.

His wife, aged 26 years at the moſt, and extremely beautiful, was at the bar. Tears flowed from her eyes; and ſeveral deputies viewed her ſo attentively, that a *decree of urgency* was expected to be called for.

Favart ſubmitted for diſcuſſion a plan relative to the tranſactions anterior to the depreciation of paper money. Several articles purporting that all the obligations of an anterior date to the 1ſt of January 1791, and thoſe poſterior to the promulgation of the law of 29 Meſſidor of the 4th year, are to be paid in metallic ſpecie, were adopted. The other articles were adjourned.

DUBLIN, Auguſt 6.

Such a number of returns for great towns and counties, without a ſhadow of oppoſition, has never before taken place. The preſent General Election is without parallel in this reſpect. It would be childiſh to impute this occurrence to any averſion on the part of the gentry, to interrupt the public tranquillity on one hand, or to an approbation on the part of the People on the other, of the conduct which diſtinguiſhed the Members of the laſt Houſe of Commons. The fact is, that a great alteration has taken place in public opinion. Thoſe who form any opinion of their own, deſpair of obtaining any thing from Parliament, while the repreſentation continues to be ſo lamentably and glaringly defective, except additional taxes and new penal laws—they, therefore, keep aloof from the ſcene, in the untranquilized retirement of Achilles—

——"That direful ſpring
"Of woes unnumber'd."

And as to the leading individuals in the ſeveral counties, the perplexity of the times, and the current belief that the new Parliament will be very ſhort lived, induce them to await the event, rather than riſque much trouble and expence for an advantage, the poſſeſſion of which appears to be ſo very precarious.

LONDON, Auguſt 10.

Madame Stael, Madame Tallien, and Mademoiſelle Lange, are now the three leading Belles at Paris. The firſt eſtabliſhes her influence by her *wit* and *talents*, the ſecond by her *ſplendour*, and the third by her *perſonal charms.*

[illegible] will ſee; [illegible] for its eſ- bliſhed in this country, [illegible] to America, [illegible] the emigration of its colony. Weekly in order to found a [illegible] red into for that ſubſcriptions have [illegible] has already accumu- purpoſe. A large [illegible] to a certain ſum it lated; when it [illegible] American fonds. The will be laid out [illegible] who have united for this number of pe[illegible] of families, &c. is beyond purpoſe, [illegible] they are principally of the mid- credibility though no exception whatever is dling cla[illegible] the uniform reaſon given by the mate. [illegible] is the daily oppreſſions they ſuffer in this country; the ſmall probability there is of any preſent change, and the dread of the concuſſions that muſt inevitably happen whenever that change does take place.

AMERICAN PRIZES.

Many doubts had ariſen, in the Maritime Tribunals of France, reſpecting the validity of the Prizes, ſtating themſelves to be American Prizes made by the French privateers. The Tribunals of courſe delayed judgment till theſe doubts were removed. They were removed, we underſtand, by a reference to the Treaties with America, and it was determined that all the Prizes were valid, which, taken under the American flag, could not produce a liſt of the crew, as ſpecified in the Treaties; without which liſt it was impoſſible to diſtinguiſh a native of the United States from a native of Great-Britain. This doctrine has, the French Papers ſay, acquired a ſpecies of authority and preſcription; the Maritime Tribunals of Nantes, Saintes, Vannes, Quimper, Dunkirk, &c. have decided all caſes by it, and it has received the ſanction of the moſt diſtinguiſhed Advocates of France, De[illegible]ete, of Paris, Ducaſtel, Dutroachet, Ferry, and Fouquet.

Till the important queſtion was decided, many Merchants deſiſted from fitting out privateers. They have ſince, however, reſumed their operations; and, if we may believe the accounts from France, a great number of armed veſſels, private property, are equipping with the greateſt ſpeed in every port of the Republic.

The following is an authentic return of the Engliſh and Dutch ſquadrons, under Admirals Duncan and De Winter:

THE ENGLISH FLEET.	Guns.	THE DUTCH FLEET.	Guns.
Prince (a)	112	Jupiter (flag ſhip)	76
Formidable	98	Brutus	76
Sans Pareil	84	Staten Generaal	76
Cæſar	84	Vryheid	76
Venerable (flag ſh)	74	Groningen	76
Triumph	74	Guelderland	68
Ganges	74	Gelykheid	66
Monarch	74	Adm. Waſſenaar	66
Warrior	74	Adm. de Ruyter	64
Bedford	74	Utrecht	64
Ruſſel	74	Hercules	64
Ardent	64	Noordholland	64
Standard	64	Verwatching	64
Lancaſter	64	Cerberus	56
Agamemnon	64	Haarlem	56
Lion	64	Piet Heyn	56
Veteran (b)	64	Delf	56
Glatton (c)	54	Beſchermer	56
Iſis	50	Leyden	56
Adamant	50	FRIGATES.	
Beſides frigates, &c.		Pollux	48
		Hector	48
		Monnikkendam	46
		Pallas	44
		De Jaager	36
		Dolphin	36
		Alarm	24
		Enkhuizen	24
		Zeepaard	24
		Walcheren	24
		Bellona	24
		Venus	24
		And ſix ſloops of war.	

(a) The Prince of 98, has been lengthened [illegible] feet, and now carries 112 guns.

(b) The Veteran failed on Saturday, to join Adm. Duncan. There are ſeveral line of battle ſhips at the Nore, and at Greenhithe, if there was occaſion for any further reinforcement.

(c) The Glatton, Capt. Trollope, is a very powerful ſhip; her lower deck has carronades of 68 lb. and her upper 32 lb.

The following Anecdote is tranſlated from the French Paper, called Europe Politique:

"An Emigrant came to get his name eraſed from the fatal liſt. After paying the brokers he had but a ſmall ſum remaining. He reſigns himſelf to the misfortune, and purchaſes in the neighbourhood of his former eſtate a cottage and a garden, which he cultivates; he has the pleaſure, at leaſt, of breathing his native air, and of walking under thoſe bowers which had been the theatre of the ſports of his infant years. The poſſeſſor of his eſtate was not at home. One day he received a letter from him, in which the poſſeſſor announces his arrival, and invites him to do him the honor of dining with him. The firſt emotion which he felt, was that of indignation; curioſity ſucceeded. The emigrant communicated his embarraſſment to one of his neighbours, who encouraged him, from the account he gave of the poſſeſſor, to meet him on the day appointed. He reſolves to do it, and upon his arrival, is received with politeneſs; he manifeſts his aſtoniſhment, wiſhes to enter into an explanation, and receives for anſwer, "Sir, I never ſpeak of buſineſs before dinner—it is upon the table; there is your place." The emigrant lifted his ſervit and found three keys under it. "It is your place ſir," ſaid he to the poſſeſſor; "the keys are a proof of it." "No, theſe keys are for you; after dinner I ſhall explain the enigma."

"The time of dinner appeared to be tedious to the emigrant; at laſt they paſſed into an apartment joining the dining room, when the poſſeſſor ſays to the Emigrant—one of theſe keys is that of your eſcritoire. You will find in it all that you left; your money, jewels, and papers. Nothing has been touched.—Another is that of your cheſt, where your plate and linen are equally entire. The third is that of your cellar; there has been nothing taken out of it but the wine which we have juſt been drinking: they all belong to you as well as the eſtate of which I have taken poſſeſſion, and here is the act of retroceſſion."—"But, Sir, I muſt be as delicate as you, and reimburſe you for what you have paid for it." "No, I have enjoyed for three years the revenue of your property, and if we were to calculate exactly, the balance would be found to be on my ſide."

We leave the reader to make his own reflections upon this circumſtance. It happened in Normandy."

A deſperate battle was fought ſome days ago at a ſmall public houſe on the Eſſex road, between an Engliſhman and a Scotchman, in which the former, with ſome difficulty, came off victorious; the diſpute aroſe from a converſation on the ſtate of the impending treaty at Liſle. The Scotchman was for carrying on the war with redoubled vigour; and obſerved ſneeringly, that he ſhould not be ſurpriſed if the French were to inſiſt on Scotland being ceded to them as one of the terms of peace. The Engliſhman, who was adverſe to the continuation of the war, ſaid no; there was no danger of that, for Miniſters had already *offered Scotland* to France, but the Directory had *refuſed* to receive it, unleſs Northumberland was joined to it:—This was too much for Sawney, who, enraged at the indignity offered to his country, immediately told the other he lied, and knocked him down.

SAVANNAH, September 14.

On the 12th inſt. arrived at Cockſpur, the ſchooner Exuma, Capt. Daniel Callaghan, from New Providence. The 9th inſt. in lat. 29 39, long. 79 42, picked up the long boat of the armed ſhip Gen. Nichols, Captain Michael Morriſon, belonging to Grenada. The General Nichols left New-Providence on the 21 inſt. with Negroes, ſuppoſed for this port, and in a heavy gale of wind on the 18th foundered. The long boat and yawl had hardly time to get from her, when ſhe went down with 222 of the cargo.—In the long boat, were ſaved, 5 whites and 35 negroes, and when they got alongſide the Exuma, had nothing to eat or drink. The yawl (having ſails) with the Captain, Mr. Peter Morris, Supercargo, five other whites, and three negroes, parted company with the other boat immediately after leaving the ſhip, and has not yet been heard of.—It is hoped, from the favourable weather a few days paſt, that they may have made ſome port to the ſouthward.

KNOXVILLE, Sept. 18

On Saturday laſt returned to this town, the Hon. William Blount.—As ſoon as his approach was made known, the volunteer troop of cavalry, commanded by John Lavender, Eſq; and a large concourſe of citizens, haſtened to receive him, and met him eight miles from this place, where, after refreſhment, he was conducted into town, in the following order:—

A detachment of the troop of cavalry.

The Hon. Mr. Blount, accompanied by the Hon. General White, and the Hon. Mr. Stuart, late Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

The troop of cavalry.

Citizens in files.

We are happy to ſay, that Mr. Blount has received, on his journey through this State, the moſt flattering and hearty welcome, from every deſcription of citizens—a welcome juſtly due, from a grateful people, to the father and protector of their State.

HALIFAX (N. C) Sept. 25.

Laſt week arrived at Plymouth in this ſtate, Capt. Levin Boſman, in a ſchooner belonging to Meſſrs. Stewart and Armſtead of that place. Capt. Boſman was captured on his homeward bound paſſage by a French privateer, who took all the hands out of the ſchooner except the Capt. Mate and ſupercargo, and put five of her crew on board. Having no French colors they transformed the American into French, and with the fragments decorated the unfortunate Captain, round whom they danced the Carmagnole, by way of condolance. They [illegible] ſeized a hog on board, which they called roaring George, and after cutting off his head, again danced the Carmagnole round him, and played other republican gambols, *alamode de Paris.* The ſagacious and intrepid Captain did not let theſe manœuvres paſs unobſerved; but taking a good opportunity, ſeized the fellow at the helm, whom he ſoon ſecured, and gaining poſſeſſion of the armed cheſt, with aſſiſtance of his mate, and ſupercargo (a manly and ſpirited Quaker of Bertie county) the others were immediately maſtered. The privateer at this time was only at a ſmall diſtance, they therefore proceeded on the courſe directed until the privateer got to a proper diſtance, when they altered their courſe, committed them to a leaky boat in which they might either ſing la Carmagnole, ca ira, or any other republican ditty, bale or ſink—proceeded on their voyage, and theſe gallant brave men had the good fortune to reach their deſtined port without again encountering any of theſe nefarious pirates. It is ſuppoſed the Frenchmen got ſafe to land, as one of the [illegible] was in ſight.

WINCHESTER, October [illegible].

By a gentleman immediately from Frederick town, we learn that about three o'clock on Sunday morning laſt, an elegant and commodious barn, belonging to Mr. Ritche, collector of the revenue, in the vicinity of the town, was diſcovered to be in flames, and all that while Mr. Ritche and his family were endeavouring with many others to ſtop the progreſs of the devouring element, a gang of thieves entered his dwelling, broke open his deſks, and carried away all the caſh contained therein, to a very conſiderable amount.—There exiſts but little doubt that the villains who robbed the houſe alſo ſet fire to the barn, the better to accompliſh their diabolical deſigns.

NORFOLK, October 2.

Yeſterday arrived here in diſtreſs, after a paſſage of 20 days from the Havanna (having ſprung a leak on her paſſage to Rhode-Iſland) the brig Betſy, Capt. Gillies.—By her we learn, that Santhonax arrived at the Havanna the 5th of September, and went on ſhore the 6th, but was not received by the Governor, or any of the Spaniſh officers.—They were in want of water and proviſions, and pretended that, on account of the Engliſh cruiſers, the ſhip could not go to France, without the protection of a Spaniſh frigate. The inhabitants of the Havanna deprecated the conduct of Santhonax, while in adminiſtration; and took the opportunity of a fracas at a fair in a village oppoſite the town of the Havanna, to arreſt the black officers of Santhonax's retinue, and confine them in priſon.

October 7.

Died on Wedneſday night, after a ſhort illneſs, Louis Etienne Duhail, Vice Conſul of the French Republic at this place, and lately at Baltimore. He was born at Lemans, in France, had formerly been admitted a doctor in phyſic in the univerſity of Caen, in Normandy, he lived for many years at Paris, where he was known among the literati, not only as author of ſeveral poetical works, but alſo as well converſant in geography. Being at the head of the board of foreign affairs in the ſtormy times of the new government, he became acquainted with diplomatic agencies, and ſhortly after his arrival in this country, was admitted a member of the philoſophical ſociety, Philadelphia; he was a man of great circumſpection, apparent coldneſs and reſtrained intercourſe; but on cloſer acquaintance he diſcovered deep knowledge, mildneſs, and moderation of mind, and eſpecially an unblemiſhed impartiality, that made him loved and regretted by all his countrymen. His remains were on Thurſday attended to the Catholic burying ground by the Britiſh and Spaniſh Conſuls, and a number of Frenchmen and inhabitants of the borough.

ALEXANDRIA, October 9.

At the election for ſheriff laſt week, at Marlborough court houſe (Maryland) a very ſerious affair happened. The parties of the different candidates in the after part of the day, became ſo irritated at each other as to come to blows, when a general engagement enſued.—One man was killed on the ſpot, by a blow on the head, after he had jumped out of the court-houſe window, in endeavouring to eſcape; two others have ſince died, and ſeveral are very badly wounded.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 7.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Detroit to his friend in this place, dated 6th September, 1797.

"A number of emiſſaries, chiefly Frenchmen, have been among the Indians this ſummer, endeavoring to perſuade the Indians to join the Spaniards and go to war againſt the United States. Some of the young Indians like their talks very well, but the old men ſeem in general well diſpoſed to remain in peace. I hope this diſpoſition will continue, as the officers here are extremely vigilant in detecting and puniſhing thoſe who attempt to diſturb the tranquillity of the country.

"Theſe ſpies not only addreſs the Indians, but have been perſuading the French inhabitants round that place that they are ill treated by the Americans. We have drummed two or three of them out of town. I hope the military will hang the next raſcal caught at this vile employment."

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.

Burials for 24 hours, ending yeſterday at noon—Grown perſons 14—1 child.

The number of burials on the 12th of Oct. 1793 was one hundred and eleven.

A letter from a reſpectable American, at Bourdeaux, dated Auguſt 8, ſtates the following information:

"That the Miniſter of the Interior had ſent to the Municipality of Bourdeaux, intelligence of the expected arrival of two new Envoys from America. That, in the event of their arriving at that port, every poſſible honor was to be ſhewn them, and their journey to Paris, rendered every way convenient and agreeable."

October 14.

Deaths in this city and ſuburbs, for the laſt 24 hours, nineteen.

The number of burials on the 13th of Oct. 1793, was one hundred and four.

October 16.

From Saturday morning till Sunday evening, there were only 5 perſons interred in the city hoſpital burying ground; four of which were from the city and ſuburbs. During the ſame period 5 perſons were admitted into the hoſpital.

Burials for 24 hours, ending yeſterday at noon, Grown perſons 12. Children 2.

The number of burials, on the 14th of October, 1793, was eighty-one.

The Mercury in Farenheit's thermometer, Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, ſtood at 45

And at noon, 56

Died, on Saturday laſt, Doctor Pleaſants, of this city.

For four nights ſucceſſively we have been viſited by winter's hoary harbinger. The air has been extremely keen and ſalubrious; ice, nearly one fourth of an inch thick, has been obſerved. Why then are the bills of mortality ſtill ſwoln to that formidable ſize which deters the ſhivering citizen from entering his long loſt and forſaken home? I will tell you—this ſame cold weather, which is ſo ſalutary to thoſe who enjoy health, and which is ſo effectually diſſipating the baneful contagion from our atmoſphere, operates directly contrary on thoſe whom it found labouring under the oppreſſive weight of ſickneſs, and particularly in caſes where the diſeaſe had not reached its ſummit. Conſequently, although the number of deaths ſhould continue large for ſome days to come, nevertheleſs, all danger may ſafely be pronounced over. Our fellow-citizens may return with little or no riſk; but prudence would dictate to thoſe who can make it convenient, ſince they have been abſent ſo long, to remain a few days longer. R.

NEW YORK, October 17.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES arrived in town yeſterday, and was received agreeably to the arrangements detailed on Saturday.

General Hughes, at the head of the officers of the brigade, Captain Lovell's and Captain Lamb's troops of horſe, and a large concourſe of citizens on horſeback and in carriages, received him at Haerlem; and they were met at the ſuburbs by the legion under the command of Colonel Morton.

The proceſſion thus reſpectably formed, was ſaluted on its arrival in the city, by the acclamations of the citizens—the peals of the bells—and ſalutes from the Battery and the fortifications on Governor's Iſland.

The military made a very beautiful appearance, and the whole ceremony muſt have been highly gratifying to every American.

The delight which was exhibited on every countenance at the reception of Him who ſtands among the foremoſt on the liſt of American Worthies, and who now fills the firſt ſtation in the union, while it ſtrongly diſplayed an attachment to the government, alſo evinced that the American Republic, at leaſt, was not wanting in GRATITUDE!

October 18.

A gentleman who came paſſenger in the ſhip Citizen, from Liſbon, which place he left on the 29th Auguſt, informs that on the 2[illegible]th Admiral Jervis was ſtill before Cadiz, but nothing particular had taken place. The merchants and other inhabitants were returning into town, and it was ſuppoſed that the blockade would ſoon be given up.

Admiral Jervis had ſent orders to the commanding officer of the Britiſh ſhips in Liſbon, to embark all military ſtores, to man the Spaniſh prize ſhips, and ſend them to Plymouth.

The Britiſh frigate Theſbie, Capt. Hardy, fired nineteen guns in honor of the Preſident on his arrival in town.

Extract of a letter from Curracoa, 20th June.

"I have now to adviſe the condemnation of all the veſſels here by the French agent according to orders he received—except the ſhip Neſtor, Capt. Rogers, which is ſtill in Dubio; and the ſchooner Betſy of Boſton, brought in here by a veſſel without a commiſſion.

"The memorials preſented the Governor and Council by Mr. Kingſton, had no weight as they are principally concerned in the privateers, as you will ſee, and which they could not deny."

Theſe proofs are ſent to eſtabliſh facts, which without them, could not be believed.

The brig Waſhington, Capt. Graham, from Cork for this port, is taken by a French frigate, and carried into Bourdeaux, with 15[illegible] paſſengers on board.

GENEVA (New-York) Sept. 25

The Treaty held at Big Tree, on the Geneſee river, with the Seneca nation of Indians was concluded laſt Saturday. The object of this was the extinguiſhment of the title to land ceded by this ſtate to the ſtate of Maſſachuſetts, and purchaſed by Mr. ROBERT MORRIS of Philadelphia. The Indians agreed to ſell the whole of the lands, excepting reſervations about their preſent ſettlements. In three places on the Geneſee river, reſervations of two miles each; at Cardegeau, Canegadere and on the Alleghany, reſervations from five to twenty thouſand acres were made, and at the village of Buffaloe, and Tanawantoe, 20 ſquare miles, the whole of the reſervations amounting to 196,000 acres.

The buſineſs was concluded with the greateſt unanimity on the part of the Indians, and their conduct highly decent.—From motives of ſelf intereſt, ſome individuals had gone to conſiderable expence to fruſtrate the intention of the treaty, and no buſineſs could be done until the laws were put in force.

The ſole ſtipulation is that 100,000 dollars ſhall be immediately paid into the hands of the *Preſident* of the United States, as the guardian of the Seneca Nation, to be by him inveſted in the funds of the United States, and the intereſt ariſing therefrom to be annually paid to the Seneca Nation: This will amount to about 150 dollars *per annum* to each family.

[illegible] for its ob- bliſhed in this country, for[illegible] to America, ject the emigration of its colony. Weekly in order to found a [illegible]red into for that ſubſcriptions have b[illegible] has already accumu- purpoſe. A large [illegible] to a certain ſum it lated; when it [illegible] American funds. The will be laid out, who have united for this number of pe[illegible] of families, &c. is beyond purpoſe, fat[illegible] they are principally of the *mid- credibility* [illegible] though no exception whatever is *dling* cla[illegible] the uniform reaſon given by the made. [illegible] is the daily oppreſſions they ſuffer in them[illegible] country; the ſmall probability there is of this preſent change, and the dread of the con- [illegible]ſions that muſt inevitably happen whenever that change does take place.

AMERICAN PRIZES.

Many doubts had ariſen, in the Maritime Tribunals of France, reſpecting the validity of the Prizes, ſtating themſelves to be American Prizes made by the French privateers. The Tribunals of courſe delayed judgment till theſe doubts were removed. They were removed, we underſtand, by a reference to the Treaties with America, and it was determined that all the Prizes were valid, which, taken under the American flag, could not produce a liſt of the crew, as ſpecified in the Treaties; without which liſt it was impoſſible to diſtinguiſh a native of the United States from a native of Great-Britain. This doctrine has, the French Papers ſay, acquired a ſpecies of authority and preſcription; the Maritime Tribunals of Nantes, Saintes, Vannes, Quimper, Dunkirk, &c. have decided all caſes by it, and it has received the ſanction of the moſt diſtinguiſhed Advocates of France, Delete, of Paris, Ducaſtel, Dutroachet, Ferry, and Fouquet.

Till the important queſtion was decided, many Merchants deſiſted from fitting out privateers. They have ſince, however, reſumed their operations; and, if we may believe the accounts from France, a great number of armed veſſels, private property, are equipping with the greateſt ſpeed in every port of the Republic.

The following is an authentic return of the Engliſh and Dutch ſquadrons, under Admirals Duncan and De Winter:

THE ENGLISH FLEET.	Guns.	THE DUTCH FLEET.	Guns.
Prince (a)	112	Jupiter (flag ſhip)	76
Formidable	98	Brutus	76
Sans Pareil	84	Staten Generaal	76
Cæſar	84	Vryheid	76
Venerable (flag ſhip)	74	Groningen	76
Triumph	74	Guelderland	68
Ganges	74	Gelykheid	66
Monarch	74	Adm. Waſſenaar	66
Warrior	74	Adm. de Ruyter	64
Bedford	74	Utrecht	64
Ruſſel	74	Hercules	64
Ardent	64	Noordholland	64
Standard	64	Verwatching	64
Lancaſter	64	Cerberus	56
Agamemnon	64	Haarlem	56
Lion	64	Piet Heyn	56
Veteran (b)	64	Derf	56
Glatton (c)	54	Beſchermer	56
Iſis	50	Leyden	56
Adamant	50	FRIGATES.	
Beſides frigates, &c.		Pollux	48
		Hector	48
		Monnikkendam	46
		Pallas	44
		De Jaagar	36
		Dolphin	36
		Alarm	24
		Enkuizen	24
		Zeepaard	24
		Walcheren	24
		Bellona	24
		Venus	24
		And ſix ſloops of war.	

(a) The Prince of 98, has been lengthened 17 feet, and now carries 112 guns.

(b) The Veteran failed on Saturday, to join Adm. Duncan. There are ſeveral line of battle ſhips at the Nore, and at Greenhithe, if there was occaſion for any further reinforcement.

(c) The Glatton, Capt. Trollope, is a very powerful ſhip; her lower deck has carronades of 68 lb. and her upper 32 lb.

The following Anecdote is tranſlated from the French Paper, called Europe Politique:

"An Emigrant came to get his name erazed from the fatal liſt. After paying the brokers he had but a ſmall ſum remaining. He reſigns himſelf to the misfortune, and purchaſes in the neighbourhood of his former eſtate a cottage and a garden, which he cultivates; he has the pleaſure, at leaſt, of breathing his native air, and of walking under thoſe bowers which had been the theatre of the ſports of infant years. The poſſeſſor of his eſtate was not at home. One day he received a letter from him, in which the poſſeſſor announces his arrival, and invites him to do him the honor of dining with him. The firſt emotion which he felt, was that of indignation; curioſity ſucceeded. The emigrant communicated his embarraſſment to one of his neighbours, who encouraged him, from the account he gives of the poſſeſſor, to meet him on the day appointed. He reſolves to do it, and upon his arrival, is received with politeneſs; he manifeſts his aſtoniſhment, wiſhes to enter into an explanation, and receives for anſwer, "Sir, I never ſpeak of buſineſs before dinner—it is upon the table; there is your place." The emigrant lifted his ſervit and found three keys under it. "It is your place ſir," ſaid he to the poſſeſſor; "the keys are a proof of it." "No, theſe keys are for you; after dinner I ſhall explain the enigma."

"The time of dinner appeared to be tedious to the emigrant; at laſt they paſſed into an apartment joining the dining room, when the poſſeſſor ſays to the Emigrant—one of theſe keys is that of your eſcritoire. You will find in it all that you left; your money, jewels, and papers. Nothing has been touched.—Another is that of your cheſt, where your plate and linen are equally entire. The third is that of your cellar; there has been nothing taken out of it but the wine which we have juſt been drinking; they all belong to you as well as the eſtate of which I have taken poſſeſſion, and here is the act of retroceſſion."—"But, Sir, I muſt be as delicate as you, and reimburſe you for what you have paid for it." "No, I have enjoyed for three years the revenue of your property, and if we were to calculate exactly, the balance would be found to be on my ſide."

We leave the reader to make his own reflections upon this circumſtance. It happened in Normandy."

A deſperate battle was fought ſome days ago at a ſmall public houſe on the Eſſex road, between an Engliſhman and a Scotchman, in which the former, with ſome difficulty, came off victorious; the diſpute aroſe from a converſation on the ſtate of the impending treaty at Liſle. The Scotchman was for carrying on the war with redoubled vigour; and obſerved ſneeringly, that he ſhould not be ſurpriſed if the French were to inſiſt on Scotland being ceded to them as one of the terms of peace. The Engliſhman, who was adverſe to the continuation of the war, ſaid no; there was no danger of that, for Miniſters had already *offered Scotland* to France, but the Directory had *refuſed* to receive it, unleſs Northumberland was joined to it!—This was too much for Sawney, who, enraged at the indignity offered to his country, immediately told the other he lied, and knocked him down.

SAVANNAH, September 14.

On the 12th inſt. arrived at Cockſpur, the ſchooner Exuma, Capt. Daniel Callaghan, from New Providence. The 9th inſt. in lat. 29 39, long. 79 42, picked up the long boat of the armed ſhip Gen. Nichols, Captain Michael Morriſon, belonging to Grenada. The General Nichols left New-Providence on the 21 inſt. with Negroes, ſuppoſed for this port, and in a heavy gale of wind on the 18th foundered. The long boat and yawl had hardly time to get from her, when ſhe went down with 122 of the cargo.—In the long boat, were ſaved, 5 whites and 35 negroes, and when they got alongſide the Exuma, had nothing to eat or drink. The yawl (having ſails) with the Captain, Mr. Peter Morris, Supercargo, five other whites, and three negroes, parted company with the other boat immediately after leaving the ſhip, and has not yet been heard of.—It is hoped, from the favourable weather a few days paſt, that they may have made ſome port to the ſouthward.

KNOXVILLE, Sept. 18

On Saturday laſt returned to this town the Hon. William Blount.—As ſoon as his approach was made known, the volunteer troop of cavalry, commanded by John Lavender, Eſq; and a large concourſe of citizens, haſtened to receive him, and met him eight miles from this place, where, after refreſhment, he was conducted into town, in the following order:—

A detachment of the troop of cavalry.

The Hon. Mr. Blount, accompanied by the Hon. General White, and the Hon. Mr. Stuart, late Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

The troop of cavalry.

Citizens in files.

We are happy to ſay, that Mr. Blount has received, on his journey through this State, the moſt flattering and hearty welcome, from every deſcription of citizens—a welcome juſtly due, from a grateful people, to the father and protector of their State.

HALIFAX (N. C.) Sept. 25.

Laſt week arrived at Plymouth in this ſtate, Capt. Levin Boſman, in a ſchooner belonging to Meſſrs. Stewart and Armſtead of that place. Capt. Boſman was captured on his homeward bound paſſage by a French privateer, who took all the hands out of the ſchooner except the Capt. Mate and Supercargo, and put five of her crew on board. Having no French colors they transformed the American into French, and with the fragments decorated the unfortunate Captain, round whom they danced the carmagnole, by way of condolance. They ſoon ſeized a hog on board, which they called King George, and after cutting off his head, again danced the Carmagnole round him, and played other republican gambols, *alamode de Paris.* The ſagacious and intrepid Captain did not let theſe manœuvres paſs unobſerved; but taking a good opportunity, ſeized the fellow at the helm, whom he ſoon ſecured, and gaining poſſeſſion of the armed cheſt, with aſſiſtance of his mate, and ſupercargo (a manly and ſpirited Quaker of Bertie county) the others were immediately maſtered. The privateer at this time was only at a ſmall diſtance, they therefore proceeded on the courſe directed until the privateer got to a proper diſtance, when they altered their courſe, committed them to a leaky boat in which they might either ſing ça Carmagnole, ça ira, or any other republican ditty, bale or ſink—proceeded on their voyage, and theſe gallant brave men had the good fortune to reach their deſtined port, without again encountering any of their merciless pirates. It is ſuppoſed the Frenchmen got ſafe to land, as one of the iſlands was in ſight.

WINCHESTER, October 6.

By a gentleman immediately from Frederick town, we learn that about three o'clock on Sunday morning laſt, an elegant and commodious barn, belonging to Mr. Ritche, collector of the revenue, in the vicinity of the town, was diſcovered to be in flames, and all that while Mr. Ritche and his family were endeavouring with many others to ſtop the progreſs of the devouring element, a gang of thieves entered his dwelling, broke open his deſks, and carried away all the caſh contained therein, to a very conſiderable amount.—There exiſts but little doubt that the villains who robbed the houſe alſo ſet fire to the barn, the better to accompliſh their diabolical deſigns.

NORFOLK, October 2.

Yeſterday arrived here in diſtreſs, after a paſſage of 20 days from the Havanna (having ſprung a leak on her paſſage to Rhode-Iſland) the brig Betſy, Capt. Gillies.—By her we learn, that Santhonax arrived at the Havanna the 5th of September, and went on ſhore the 6th, but was not received by the Governor, or any of the Spaniſh officers.—They were in want of water and proviſions, and pretended that, on account of the Engliſh cruiſers, the ſhip could not go to France, without the protection of a Spaniſh frigate. The inhabitants of the Havanna deprecated the conduct of Santhonax, while in adminiſtration; and took the opportunity of a fracas at a fair in a village oppoſite the town of the Havanna, to arreſt the black officers of Santhonax's retinue, and confine them in priſon.

October 7.

Died on Wedneſday night, after a ſhort illneſs, Louis Etienne Duhail, Vice Conſul of the French Republic at this place, and lately at Baltimore. He was born at Lemans, in France, had formerly been admitted a doctor in phyſic in the univerſity of Caen, in Normandy, he lived for many years at Paris, where he was known among the literati, not only as author of ſeveral poetical works, but alſo as well converſant in geography. Being at the head of the board of foreign affairs in the ſtormy times of the new government, he became acquainted with diplomatic agencies, and ſhortly after his arrival in this country, was admitted a member of the philoſophical ſociety, Philadelphia; he was a man of great circumſpection, apparent coldneſs and reſtrained intercourſe; but on cloſer acquaintance he diſcovered deep knowledge, mildneſs, and moderation of mind, and eſpecially an unblemiſhed impartiality, that made him loved and regretted by all his countrymen. His remains were on Thurſday attended to the Catholic burying ground by the Britiſh and Spaniſh Conſuls, and a number of Frenchmen and inhabitants of the borough.

ALEXANDRIA, October 9.

At the election for ſheriff laſt week, at Marlborough court houſe (Maryland) a very ſerious affair happened. The parties of the different candidates in the after part of the day, became ſo irritated at each other as to come to blows, when a general engagement enſued.—One man was killed on the ſpot, by a blow on the head, after he had jumped out of the court-houſe window, in endeavouring to eſcape; two others have ſince died, and ſeveral are very badly wounded.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 7.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Detroit to his friend in this place, dated 6th September, 1797.

"A number of emiſſaries, chiefly Frenchmen, have been among the Indians this ſummer, endeavoring to perſuade the Indians to join the Spaniards and go to war againſt the United States. Some of the young Indians like their talks very well, but the old men ſeem in general well diſpoſed to remain in peace. I hope this diſpoſition will continue, as the officers here are extremely vigilant in detecting and puniſhing thoſe who attempt to diſturb the tranquillity of the country.

"Theſe ſpies not only addreſs the Indians, but have been perſuading the French inhabitants round that place that they are ill treated by the Americans. We have drummed two or three of them out of town. I hope the military will hang the next raſcal caught at this vile employment."

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.

Burials for 24 hours, ending yeſterday at noon—Grown perſons 14—1 child.

The number of burials on the 12th of Oct. 1793 was one hundred and eleven.

A letter from a reſpectable American, at Bourdeaux, dated Auguſt 8, ſtates the following information:

"That the Miniſter of the Interior had ſent to the Municipality of Bourdeaux, intelligence of the expected arrival of two new Envoys from America. That, in the event of their arriving at that port, every poſſible honor was to be ſhewn them, and their journey to Paris, rendered every way convenient and agreeable."

October 14.

Deaths in this city and ſuburbs, for the laſt 24 hours, nineteen.

The number of burials on the 13th of Oct. 1793, was one hundred and four.

October 16.

From Saturday morning till Sunday evening, there were only 5 perſons interred in the city hoſpital burying ground; four of which were from the city and ſuburbs. During the ſame period 5 perſons were admitted into the hoſpital.

Burials for 24 hours, ending yeſterday at noon, Grown perſons 12. Children 2.

The number of burials, on the 14th of October, 1793, was eighty-one.

The Mercury in Farenheit's thermometer, Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, ſtood at 45

And at noon, 56

Died, on Saturday laſt, Doctor Pleaſants, of this city.

For four nights ſucceſſively we have been viſited by winter's hoary harbinger. The air has been extremely keen and ſalubrious; ice, nearly one fourth of an inch thick, has been obſerved. Why then are the bills of mortality ſtill ſwoln to that formidable ſize which deters the ſhivering citizen from entering his long loſt and forſaken home? I will tell you—this ſame cold weather, which is ſo ſalutary to thoſe who enjoy health, and which is ſo effectually diſſipating the baneful contagion from our atmoſphere, operates directly contrary on thoſe whom it found laboring under the oppreſſive weight of ſickneſs, and particularly in caſes where the diſeaſe had not reached its ſummit. Conſequently, although the number of deaths ſhould continue large for ſome days to come, nevertheleſs, all danger may ſafely be pronounced over. Our fellow-citizens may return with little or no riſk; but prudence would dictate to thoſe who can make it convenient, ſince they have been abſent ſo long, to remain a few days longer. R.

NEW YORK, October 17.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES arrived in town yeſterday, and was received agreeably to the arrangements detailed on Saturday.

General Hughes, at the head of the officers of the brigade, Captain Lovell's and Captain Lamb's troops of horſe, and a large concourſe of citizens on horſeback and in carriages, received him at Haerlem; and they were met at the ſuburbs by the legion under the command of Colonel Morton.

The proceſſion thus reſpectably formed, was ſaluted on its arrival in the city, by the acclamations of the citizens—the peals of the bells—and ſalutes from the Battery and the fortifications on Governor's Iſland.

The military made a very beautiful appearance, and the whole ceremony muſt have been highly gratifying to every American.

The delight which was exhibited on every countenance at the reception of Him who ſtands among the foremoſt on the liſt of American Worthies, and who now fills the firſt ſtation in the union, while it ſtrongly diſplayed an attachment to the government, alſo evinced that the American Republic, at leaſt, was not wanting in GRATITUDE!

October 18.

A gentleman who came paſſenger in the ſhip Citizen, from Liſbon, which place he left on the 29th Auguſt, informs that on the 25th Admiral Jervis was ſtill before Cadiz, but nothing particular had taken place. The merchants and other inhabitants were returning into town, and it was ſuppoſed that the blockade would ſoon be given up.

Admiral Jervis had ſent orders to the commanding officer of the Britiſh ſhips in Liſbon, to embark all military ſtores, to man the Spaniſh prize ſhips, and ſend them to Plymouth.

The Britiſh frigate Theſbie, Capt. Hardy, fired nineteen guns in honor of the Preſident on his arrival in town.

Extract of a letter from Curracoa, 20th June.

"I have now to adviſe the condemnation of all the veſſels here by the French agent according to orders he received—except the ſhip Neſtor, Capt. Rogers, which is ſtill in Dubio; and the ſchooner Betſy of Boſton, brought in here by a veſſel without a commiſſion.

"The memorials preſented the Governor and Council by Mr. Kingſton, had no weight as they are principally concerned in the privateers, as you will ſee, and which they could not deny."

Theſe proofs are ſent to eſtabliſh facts, which without them, could not be believed.

The brig Waſhington, Capt. Graham, from Cork for this port, is taken by a French frigate, and carried into Bourdeaux, with 159 paſſengers on board.

GENEVA (New-York) Sept. 26

The Treaty held at Big Tree, on the Geneſee river, with the Seneca nation of Indians was concluded laſt Saturday. The object of this was the extinguiſhment of the title to land ceded by this ſtate to the ſtate of Maſſachuſetts, and purchaſed by Mr. ROBERT MORRIS of Philadelphia. The Indians agreed to ſell the whole of the lands, excepting reſervations about their preſent ſettlements. In three places on the Geneſee river, reſervations of two miles each; at Cardegeau, Canegadere and on the Alleghany, reſervations from five to twenty thouſand acres were made, and at the village of Buffaloe, and Tanawantoe, 20 ſquare miles, the whole of the reſervations amounting to 196,000 acres.

The buſineſs was concluded with the greateſt unanimity on the part of the Indians, and their conduct highly decent.—From motives of ſelf intereſt, ſome individuals had gone to conſiderable expence to fruſtrate the intention of the treaty, and no buſineſs could be done until the laws were put in force.

The ſole ſtipulation is that 100,000 dollars ſhall be immediately paid into the hands of the *Preſident* of the United States, as the guardian of the Seneca Nation, to be by him inveſted in the funds of the United States, and the intereſt ariſing therefrom to be annually paid to the Seneca Nation: This will amount to about 150 dollars *per annum* to each family.

Thus has this great and fertile country, containing about 4 500,000 acres come into the poſſeſſion of the white people—And from the great improvements making in this country, in Roads and other marks of civilization, we may reaſonably expect that in courſe of next ſeaſon there will be a good Road to the *Falls of Niagara.*

QUEBEC, Sept. 27.

His Excellency the Governor in Chief has been pleaſed to cauſe a warrant to iſſue, for the releaſe of Daniel George, under ſentence of death, on condition of his leaving the Province.

CONCORD (*N. H*) Sept. 26.

Michael Sutton, of Canterbury, who was committed to Exeter jail for ſhooting a horſe of Capt. Curry's, and there cut his own throat about a fortnight ago in a deſperate manner, was laſt week brought to Mr. James Stevens's, in this town, where he died on Friday laſt, having received no nouriſhment in his ſtomach for 24 days.

PORTSMOUTH, October 7.

We are authoriſed by a correſpondent to ſay, That previous to the embarkation of Santhonax from St. Domingo, a number of American merchants and Captains, ſigned a flattering addreſs to him of thanks for his *particular kind attention* to the *Americans* in general, for the benefit they had derived from a man of his ſuperior *(devil like)* abilities.—This raſcally petition was ſigned by twenty *ſelf acknowledged* Americans, who by this act the greater part may be called ſelf acknowledged villians, and ſuch eſteemed by the few remaining honeſt Americans. The addreſs was wrote in French and preſented to the Americans to ſign by Mr. Wilſon, (Barney's agent) ſuppoſed to be propoſed by Santhonax.

We learn that Santhonax, carried with him from St. Domingo, five millions ſterling, in caſh.

BOSTON, October 19.

Capt. Rich, arrived here on Saturday from Liſbon, in 40 days, authenticates the entire account received at Norfolk, of the attack on Santa-Cruz; and adds that the principal part had come into Liſbon to refit, before he ſailed; that their main object was to capture or deſtroy the four Spaniſh 74's lying under the forts of Santa Cruz town; but that the expedition failed.

Capt. Rich aſſures us that the Britiſh fleet, under Lord St Vincent ſtill continues to blockade Cadiz; that ſome overtures had been made to the Admiral by the merchants, to remove this bar to their trade; but they were not ſufficiently valuable to induce an acceptance of them.

As an article of commercial conſequence, we ſtate from the authority of Captain Rich, that American veſſels navigating the Streights, may at all times, have convoy on application to Admiral St. Vincent, off Cadiz; who had frequently declared a readineſs to protect the American navigation in thoſe ſeas, from the marauding pirates of the Mediterranean.

October 21.

Crowns are received in payment at the Bank of New York, at 110 cents. Except Spaniſh milled dollars and parts, there are few coins which have been for ſome years a legal tender. Bank bills are not a tender in law; they are nevertheleſs received readily by common conſent; ſo ought crowns to be. The Preſident, in his proclamation, has merely complied with the requiſition of the law of Feb. 3, 1793. When that law paſſed, it was ſuppoſed, that the coinage of American money would in three years, be ſufficient for circulation, in addition to Spaniſh dollars. But the fact has been otherwiſe:—To them, therefore, ſeveral millions of ſpecie, out of circulation, will operate a great public injury, unleſs by common conſent they paſs as uſual;—which we learn is the caſe in New-York.

A letter from a reſpectable gentleman in the iſland of Jamaica, affirms, that there is not a Engliſh privateer out of that iſland, in queſt of American veſſels.

The fame of Boſton, for the ſalubrity of its climate, and hoſpitality of its citizens, is rapidly appreciating; and it annually becomes the increaſed reſort of foreigners and ſoutherners of diſtinction. We have now, as viſitors, among many others, the three ſons of the late Duke of Orleans; the Dukes of Orleans, Chartres and Montpenſier.

In ſuch forwardneſs is the new State Houſe, that the General Court, at the enſuing ſeſſion, will be completely accommodated there.

"GEORGIA LANDS."—This ſpeculation grows worſe and worſe. The Governor has refuſed to ſign a warrant even for the firſt purchaſe money paid into the Treaſury; without the original grant, *which was burnt*, is produced!!!

A pamphlet is advertiſed at Hartford, under the following *quaint* title, "*Northern Raps for Georgia Knuckles*"

This day, between the hours of twelve and one, wind and weather permitting, a third attempt will be made, to launch the CONSTITUTION Frigate.

The Ship Union, on board which the Hon. Elbridge Gerry embarked for Holland, was ſpoken by Capt. Trott, from Liverpool. 25 days out, all well.

On Sunday, Meſſrs. Baker and Powell arrived from Halifax. Under the patronage of his royal highneſs Prince Edward, they have taken a leaſe of the Theatre in that city, for a number of years. The Theatre is a neat commodious edifice, calculated to contain, with eaſe, about 100 guineas. In their late viſit, the above gentlemen performed ſeveral nights an agreeable *devertiſement*, very largely to their emolument, and no leſs to the ſatiſfaction of a crowded and brilliant audience. They will ſhortly return to commence a regular theatrical ſeaſon, for the winter months; and we hear, they have in treaty a very reſpectable company, among which are many of the principal performers of the Haymarket Theatre.

Although we have had ſeveral arrivals from Europe ſince our laſt, they have come with ſo tardy wing, that they bring *nothing, nothing* NEW, of importance. We wait with impatience the receipt of intelligence on two great points:—The reception of the new American Envoys Extraordinary, by the French Executive Directory;—and, The progreſs of the Pacific Negociations at Liſle. On neither of theſe ſubjects can we go into the field of conjecture; as no guide or compaſs can direct us. Of "*wars and fightings*," we can expect but little, ſince the Emperor and the Republic have ſuffered the ſword to return into its ſcabbard; conſented to ſettle the controverſy by friendly diſcuſſion, rather than the *ultima ratio.*

WARREN, October 21.

On Thurſday laſt was found at Bullock's point, in Rehoboth, the body of a naked man—appearing to be between forty and fifty years of age, about five feet eight inches high, ſandy hair, and bald on the top of his head; the coroner's inqueſt brought in the verdict, *that he was caſually drowned.*

On Monday laſt a Frenchman who boarded at Mr. George Coggeſhall's, in Briſtol, ſhot himſelf—and yeſterday the wife of Mr. Eliſha Hunt, of Rehoboth, hung herſelf—ſhe has been for ſome time paſt inſane.

NEWPORT, October 24.

To morrow the Hon. GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State are to meet at South Kingſtown.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived here the Ship Belvidere, Capt. Ingraham, in 66 Days from London.

Capt. Ingraham was bound to New York; but hearing French Cruiſers were off the Hook, he was induced to put into this Port.

On Friday Morning he ſailed again for his deſtined Port, with an intention of going up Sound.

The Papers brought by the Belvidere are not ſo late as have already been received.—The European Articles, in this Day's Paper, are extracted therefrom.

During his Paſſage Capt. Ingraham ſpoke with the following Veſſels, viz.—September 1, Lat 49 13, Long. 16 2, ſpoke the Hannah of Boſton, bound to Hamburgh; 14 h, Lat. 42 28, Long 38, 11, the Columbus of Norwich, from London to New York; 19 h, Lat. 43, 53, Long. 43, 23, Schooner Virginia, from Philadelphia to Bourdeaux; Oct. 12, Lat. 42, 20 Long. 63, Brig Pallas, from Dublin to New York; 14 h, Lat. 39, 56, Long 68 52, the Fair American, of Boſton, from Glaſgow to Norfolk; 15th, Lat. 40, 20, Long. 70, the Ship America, from Liverpool to New York.

His Excellency Robert Liſton, the Britiſh Ambaſſador, his Lady and Suite, are arrived at New York, from his Seat near Philadelphia.

During the Progreſs of the late Epidemic, Thirty-ſix Perſons died at Providence, and Sixteen at Briſtol. Both Towns are now happily freed from the Diſorder, and Buſineſs going on as formerly.

MARRIED.]—At Providence, JOHN DORRANCE, Eſq; to Miſs AMY CLARK, of North Providence.

DIED.]—At Coventry, on Sunday the 15th Inſtant, Mr. USHAL GREEN, in the 102d Year of his Age.

—At Cranſton, STUKELY WESTCOAT, Eſq; in the 84th Year of his Age.

—At Briſtol, Miſs PEGGY GRANGER, in the 16th Year of her Age, Daughter of the late Mr. John Granger, of Providence.

—At Gray (Adam) Mr. JOHN JENKS, aged 114. His Hair, which had been white and come off, was lately grown out of a dark lively Colour, and a new Set of Teeth had made their Appearance.

—At Weſt Springfield, on the 5th Inſtant, the Rev. EDWARD UPHAM a Miniſter of the Baptiſt Denomination in that Town. He was born at Malden, in the Year 1710—educated at Harvard College, the Honours of which he received in 1734 He went to that Town at the Requeſt of a ſmall Society of Baptiſts, over whom he was ordained in 1740 and to whom he miniſtered for about eight Years, when he removed to Newport and took Charge of a reſpectable Congregation there. In 1772 he returned, where he ſoon reſumed his ſacerdotal Functions, in which he continued until about five Years paſt, when a violent Diſorder wholly confined him to his Bed. From this Confinement he had no Releaſe until Death ſet him free. Though he ſteadily adhered to his own Principles, from a Perſuaſion that they were agreeable to Scripture, yet he ever profeſſed to deſpiſe the Bigot.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

Diſtrict of Newport, Oct. 23.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Fame, Boſs,	New York
—— Nancy, Borden,	Boſton
Schooner, Comfort, Slocum,	Ditto

CLEARED.	*For*
Ship Commerce, Moſher,	Cape Verd Iſland
Sloop Maryland, Wardwell,	Cape Francois
—— Lucy, Anthony,	Charleſton
—— Fanny, Johnſon,	Charleſton
—— Nancy, Lawton,	New York
—— Cordelia, Adams,	Ditto
—— Greenwich, Uſher,	Philadelphia
—— Eagle, Earl,	Ditto
—— Farmers, Gealy,	Boſton

Freſh Fancy Goods.

W. BLODGET, jun

At the Store of Mr. R. STEVENS nearly oppoſite Mr. T. TOWNSEND'S—has juſt received—opened—and will expoſe for Sale, for *this Week only*—

An additional Aſſortment of freſh faſhionable Fancy Goods—as his Object is realizing, any One inclining to purchaſe a large or ſmall Amount, may find Bargains worthy attending to.

Unfeigned Thanks are returned the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, for the liberal Encouragement afforded during his ſhort Reſidence in the Place—and they reſpectfully are reminded, that this Week cloſes his Sales——Thoſe who have neglected yet, have an Opportunity of obtaining the lateſt faſhioned Fancy Goods, at reduced Prices.

Tueſday October 24 '97.

FOR SALE,

The valuable Eſtate in

Thames-ſtreet, now occupied by Mr. Robert Lawton, together with the adjoining Lot extending Eaſterly to Clark Street. For Terms apply to

ROBERT ROGERS.

Newport, 23d October, 1797.

Moſes Judah

HAS FOR SALE,

At the Manufactory on the Hill, oppoſite Mr. WILLIAM TILLEY'S *Rope-Walk,*

Mould and dipt CANDLES,
Hard and Soft SOAP,

Wholeſale and Retail, as cheap as can be purchaſed in this State.

The above Articles may be had by Retail, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet, Four Doors South of the Brick Market.

N. B. The higheſt Market Price, conſtantly given, for Rough and Try'd TALLOW.

October 23 1797

SUPPOSED to be Stolen, from the Paſture of the Subſcriber, on the Night of the 12th Inſtant,—a Bright Bay HORSE, ſix Years old, black Mane and Tail, trots and canters, has been newly trimmed; his Tail is ſhort, and his Foretop cut cloſe to his Head; has Windgalls on his hind Legs.——Whoever will take up ſaid Horſe and Thief, if Stolen, ſhall receive THIRTY DOLLARS Reward, and all neceſſary Charges paid; and a generous Reward for the Horſe only.

JOSIAH PENNIMAN, jun.

Mendon, Oct 14, 1797.

THE Subſcribers being by the Hon. Town-Council of Middletown, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate Captain JOSIAH BLISS, late of ſaid Town, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, and allowed One Year from the Date hereof for ſaid Purpoſe:—Therefore the Creditors to the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed, are hereby notified to exhibit their reſpective Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the Time aforeſaid; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are hereby requeſted to make Payment to WILLIAM BLISS, of ſaid Middletown, Adminiſtrator.

OLIVER DURFEE } *Commiſ-*
ELISHA ALLEN. } *ſioners.*

Middletown, October 16, 1797

For SALE, by

SIMEON MARTIN,

MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Bag;—and, 2000 Buſhels of the beſt St. Ubes Salt.

Newport, Auguſt 7, 1797.

]

m

R Y.

Four Hundred Buſhels of GOOD OATS.

Newport, Aug. 19. 1797.

For Sale, by

Chriſtopher Champlin,

RUSSIA clean HEMP,
Raven's DUCK,
Ruſſia DUCK,
Old Sable BAR-IRON,
CORDAGE, of all Sizes,
Hard SOAP, per Box.
And, MOLASSES by the Hogſhead.

Nathan B. Miller

HAS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, in Pipes and Quarter Caſks, 1ſt and 4th Proof,
COFFEE, by the Bag,
MALAGA WINE, by the Quarter Caſk,
Freſh RAISINS,
CHOCOLATE, by the Box—Welch's, No. 2
PLAYING CARDS, by the Dozen.

LIKEWISE,

A ſmall Invoice of Spices, containing
3 Bales of CASSIA,
12 lb. NUTMEGS,
3 lb. CLOVES.

FOR SALE, BY

SIMON DAVIS,

A Great Variety of Crockery and Glaſs Ware aſſorted; Crates of Crockery Ware aſſorted; Boxes of Glaſs Ware, containing Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glaſſes, Mugs, &c.—A few Boxes of Caſtile Soap.

The above Articles by Wholeſale and Retail.

French Brandy by Pipe, Barrel, or Half Barrel; excellent Sherry Wine, by the Caſk; a Quantity of Paper Hangings, by Wholeſale or Retail; and a few Pounds of ſewing Silk.

The beſt of Old Madeira Wine, Sherry, Port, Liſbon, Malaga, Claret; Brandy; Rum; London Porter, Brown Stout; Hyſon Tea; Chocolate; Sweet Oil;—and many other Articles in the Grocery Line, by Retail.

A few Puncheons of 2d and 3d Proof Windward Iſland RUM, cheap for Caſh.

Alſo a few Hogſheads and Tierces of *good* Molaſſes.

Beſt Port au Prince Molaſſes, by Hogſhead; Flour per Barrel, firſt Quality; Muſcovado Sugars, per Barrel.

New England Rum by the Hogſhead, Barrel, or leſs Quantity; Havannah White Sugar by the Barrel or Box; Rice, by the Tierce; Turpentine and Pitch by the Barrel.

A few Thouſand Shingles and Laths.—Alſo a few Brandy Pipes, ſuitable for Cyder,—cheap for Caſh.

American manufactured

Sail-Cloth,

Rhode-Iſland Fabrick,
No. 1, to 8,
Warranted equal to Imported,
FOR SALE, BY
Chriſtopher Fowler.

Newport, July 10, 1797.

Tobacco and Snuff Manufactory.

KAIGHN & CAHOONE,

A few Doors South of the New Lane,

INFORM their Friends and Cuſtomers that they carry on the above Buſineſs as uſual and keep a conſtant Supply of the following Kinds of TOBACCO and SNUFF, by Wholeſale and Retail, viz.

Pigtail fine and courſe—Ladies Twiſt—Segars; Negro Head; Cut Tobacco for chewing and ſmoaking; Pigtail and Paper Tobacco for ſhipping; Rappee and Scotch Snuff; Sweet ſcented Mountain Tobacco, &c.

All the above Articles are warranted, and will be ſold as low as at New York, or any other State.

a
aices
, forget
ten appeats

Thus has this great and fertile country, containing about 4 500 000 acres come into the poſſeſſion of the white people—And from the great improvements making in this country, in Roads and other marks of civilization, we may reaſonably expect that in courſe of next ſeaſon there will be a good Road to the *Falls of Niagara*.

QUEBEC, Sept. 27.

His Excellency the Governor in Chief has been pleaſed to cauſe a warrant to iſſue, for the releaſe of Daniel George, under ſentence of death, on condition of his leaving the Province.

CONCORD (*N. H.*) Sept. 26.

Michael Sutton, of Canterbury, who was committed to Exeter jail for ſhooting a horſe of Capt. Curry's, and there cut his own throat about a fortnight ago in a deſperate manner, was laſt week brought to Mr. James Stevens's, in this town, where he died on Friday laſt, having received no nouriſhment in his ſtomach for 14 days.

PORTSMOUTH, October 7.

We are authoriſed by a correſpondent to ſay, That previous to the embarkation of Santhonax from St. Domingo, a number of American merchants and Captains, ſigned a flattering addreſs to him of thanks for his *particular kind attention* to the *Americans* in general, for the benefit they had derived from a man of his ſuperior (*devil like*) abilities.—This raſcally petition was ſigned by twenty *ſelf acknowledged* Americans, who by this act the greater part may be called ſelf acknowledged villians, and ſuch eſteemed by the few remaining honeſt Americans. The addreſs was wrote in French and preſented to the Americans to ſign by Mr. Wilſon, (Barney's agent) ſuppoſed to be propoſed by Santhonax.

We learn that Santhonax, carried with him from St. Domingo, five millions ſterling, in caſh.

BOSTON, October 19.

Capt. Rich, arrived here on Saturday from Liſbon, in 40 days, authenticates the entire accounts received at Norfolk, of the attack on Santa-Cruz; and adds that the principal part had come into Liſbon to refit, before he ſailed; that their main object was to capture or deſtroy the four Spaniſh 74's lying under the forts of Santa Cruz town; but that the expedition failed.

Capt. Rich aſſures us that the Britiſh fleet, under Lord St Vincent ſtill continues to blockade Cadiz; that ſome overtures had been made to the Admiral by the merchants, to remove this bar to their trade; but they were not ſufficiently valuable to induce an acceptance of them.

As an article of commercial conſequence, we ſtate from the authority of Captain Rich, that American veſſels navigating the Streights, may at all times, have convoy on application to Admiral St. Vincent, off Cadiz; who had frequently declared a readineſs to protect the American navigation in thoſe ſeas, from the marauding pirates of the Mediterranean.

October 21.

Crowns are received in payment at the Bank of New York, at 110 cents. Except Spaniſh milled dollars and parts, there are few coins which have been for ſome years a legal tender. Bank bills are not a tender in law; they are nevertheleſs received readily by common conſent; ſo ought crowns to be. The Preſident, in his proclamation, has merely complied with the requiſition of the law of Feb. 9, 1793. When that law paſſed, it was ſuppoſed, that the coinage of American money would in three years, be ſufficient for circulation, in addition to Spaniſh dollars. But the fact has been otherwiſe:—To them, therefore, ſeveral millions of ſpecie, out of circulation, will operate a great public injury, unleſs by common conſent they paſs as uſual;—which we learn is the caſe in New-York.

A letter from a reſpectable gentleman in the iſland of Jamaica, affirms, that there is not a ſingle privateer out of that iſland, in queſt of American veſſels.

The fame of Boſton, for the ſalubrity of its climate, and hoſpitality of its citizens, is rapidly appreciating; and it annually becomes the increaſed reſort of foreigners and ſoutherners of diſtinction. We have now, as viſitors, among many others, the three ſons of the late Duke of Orleans; the Dukes of Orleans, Chartres and Monſenpier.

In ſuch forwardneſs is the new State Houſe, that the General Court, at the enſuing ſeſſion, will be completely accommodated there.

"GEORGIA LANDS."—This ſpeculation grows worſe and worſe. The Governor has refuſed to ſign a warrant even for the firſt purchaſe money paid into the Treaſury; without the original grant, *which was burnt*, is produced!!!

A pamphlet is advertiſed at Hartford, under the following *quaint* title, "*Northern Raps for Georgia Knuckles*."

This day, between the hours of twelve and one, wind and weather permitting, a third attempt will be made, to launch the CONSTITUTION Frigate.

The ſhip Union, on board which the Hon. Elbridge Gerry embarked for Holland, was ſpoken by Capt. Trott, from Liverpool. 25 days out, all well.

On Sunday, Meſſrs. Baker and Powell arrived from Halifax. Under the patronage of his royal highneſs Prince Edward, they have taken a leaſe of the Theatre in that city, for a number of years. The Theatre is a neat commodious edifice, calculated to contain, with eaſe, about 100 guineas. In their late viſit, the above gentlemen performed ſeveral nights an agreeable *divertiſement*, very largely to their emolument, and no leſs to the ſatisfaction of a crowded and brilliant audience. They will ſhortly return to commence a regular theatrical ſeaſon, for the winter months; and we hear, they have in treaty a very reſpectable company, among which are many of the principal performers of the Haymarket Theatre.

Although we have had ſeveral arrivals from Europe ſince our laſt, they have come with ſo tardy wing, that they bring *nothing, nothing* NEW, of importance. We wait with impatience the receipt of intelligence on two great points:—The reception of the new American Envoys Extraordinary, by the French Executive Directory;—and, The progreſs of the Pacific Negociations at Liſle. On neither of theſe ſubjects can we go into the field of conjecture; as no guide or compaſs can direct us. Of "*wars and fightings*," we can expect but little, ſince the Emperor and the Republic have ſuffered the ſword to return into its ſcabbard; conſented to ſettle the controverſy by friendly diſcuſſion, rather than the *ultima ratio*.

WARREN, October 21.

On Thurſday laſt was found at Bullock's point, in Rehoboth, the body of a naked man—appearing to be between forty and fifty years of age, about five feet eight inches high, ſandy hair, and bald on the top of his head; the coroner's inqueſt brought in the verdict, *that he was caſually drowned.*

On Monday laſt a Frenchman who boarded at Mr. George Coggeſhall's, in Briſtol, ſhot himſelf—and yeſterday the wife of Mr. Eliſha Burr, of Rehoboth, hung herſelf—ſhe has been for ſome time paſt inſane.

NEWPORT, October 24.

To morrow the Hon. GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State are to meet at South Kingſtown.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived here the Ship Belvidere, Capt. Ingraham, in 56 Days from London.

Capt. Ingraham was bound to New York; but hearing French Cruiſers were off the Hook, he was induced to put into this Port.

On Friday Morning he ſailed again for his deſtined Port, with an Intention of going up Sound.

The Papers brought by the Belvidere are not ſo late as have already been received.—The European Articles, in this Day's Paper, are extracted therefrom.

During his Paſſage Capt. Ingraham ſpoke with the following Veſſels, viz.—September 1, Lat 49 13. Long. 16 2, ſpoke the Hannah of Boſton, bound to Hamburgh; 14th, Lat. 42 28, Long 38, 11, the Columbus, of Norwich, from London to New York; 19th, Lat. 43, 53, Long. 43, 23, Schooner Virginia, from Philadelphia to Bourdeaux; Oct. 12, Lat. 42, 20. Long. 63, Brig Pallas, from Dublin to New York; 14th, Lat. 39, 56, Long 68 52, the Fair American, of Boſton, from Glaſgow to Norfolk; 15th, Lat. 40, 20, Long. 70, the Ship America, from Liverpool to New York.

His Excellency Robert Liſton, the Britiſh Ambaſſador, his Lady and Suite, are arrived at New York, from his Seat near Philadelphia.

During the Progreſs of the late Epidemic, Thirty-ſix Perſons died at Providence, and Sixteen at Briſtol. Both Towns are now happily freed from the Diſorder, and Buſineſs going on as formerly.

MARRIED.]—At Providence, JOHN DORRANCE, Eſq; to Miſs AMY CLARK, of North Providence.

DIED]—At Coventry, on Sunday the 15th Inſtant, Mr. USHAL GREEN, in the 102d Year of his Age.

—At Cranſton, STUKELY WESTCOAT, Eſq; in the 84th Year of his Age.

—At Briſtol, Miſs PEGGY GRANGER, in the 16th Year of her Age, Daughter of the late Mr. John Granger, of Providence.

—At Gray (Main) Mr. JOHN JENKS, aged 114. His Hair, which had been white and come off, was lately grown out of a dark lively Colour, and a new Set of Teeth had made their Appearance.

—At Weſt Springfield, on the 5th Inſtant, the Rev. EDWARD UPHAM a Miniſter of the Baptiſt Denomination in that Town. He was born at Malden, in the Year 1710—educated at Harvard College, the Honours of which he received in 1734. He went to that Town at the Requeſt of a ſmall Society of Baptiſts, over whom he was ordained in 1740 and to whom he miniſtered for about eight Years, when he removed to Newport and took Charge of a reſpectable Congregation there. In 1772 he returned, where he ſoon reſumed his ſacerdotal Functions, in which he continued until about five Years paſt, when a violent Diſorder wholly confined him to his Bed. From this Confinement he had no Releaſe until Death ſet him free. Though he ſteadily adhered to his own Principles, from a Perſuaſion that they were agreeable to Scripture, yet he ever profeſſed to deſpiſe the *Bigot*.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

Diſtrict of Newport, Oct. 23.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Fame, Bliſs,	New York
— Nancy, Borden,	Boſton
Schooner, Curziah, Slocum,	Ditto
CLEARED.	*For*
Ship Commerce, Miſher,	Cape Verd Iſland
Sloop Maryland, Wardwell,	Cape Francois
— Lucy, Anthony,	Charleſton
— Fanny, Johnſon,	Charleſton
— Nancy, Lawton,	New York
— Cordelia, Adams,	Ditto
— Greenwich, Uſher,	Philadelphia
— Eagle, Earl,	Ditto
— Farmers, Gealy,	Boſton

Freſh Fancy Goods.

W. BLODGET, jun

At the Store of Mr. R. STEVENS nearly oppoſite Mr. T. TOWNSEND's—has juſt received—opened—and will expoſe for Sale, for *this Week only*—

An additional Aſſortment

of freſh faſhionable Fancy Goods—as his Object is realizing, any One inclining to purchaſe a large or ſmall Amount, may find Bargains worthy attending to.

Unfeigned Thanks are returned the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, for the liberal Encouragement afforded during his ſhort Reſidence in the Place—and they reſpectfully are reminded, that this Week cloſes his Sales——Thoſe who have neglected yet, have an Opportunity of obtaining the lateſt faſhioned Fancy Goods, at reduced Prices.

Tueſday, October 24 '97.

FOR SALE,

The valuable Eſtate in

Thames-ſtreet, now occupied by Mr. Robert Lawton, together with the adjoining Lot extending Eaſterly to Clark Street. For Terms apply to

ROBERT ROGERS.

Newport, 23d October, 1797.

Moſes Judah

HAS FOR SALE,

At the Manufactory on the Hill, oppoſite Mr. WILLIAM TILLEY's *Rope-Walk,*

Mould and dipt CANDLES,
Hard and Soft SOAP,

Wholeſale and Retail, as cheap as can be purchaſed in this State.

The above Articles may be had by Retail, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet, Four Doors South of the Brick Market.

N. B. The higheſt Market Price, conſtantly given, for Rough and Try'd TALLOW.

October 23 1797

SUPPOSED to be Stolen, from the Paſture of the Subſcriber, on the Night of the 12th Inſtant,—a Bright Bay HORSE, ſix Years old, black Mane and Tail, trots and canters, has been newly trimmed; his Tail is ſhort, and his Foretop cut cloſe to his Head; has Windgalls on his hind Legs.——Whoever will take up ſaid Horſe and Thief, if Stolen, ſhall receive THIRTY DOLLARS Reward, and all neceſſary Charges paid; and a generous Reward for the Horſe only.

JOSIAH PENNIMAN, jun.

Mendon, Oct 14. 1797.

THE Subſcribers being by the Hon. Town-Council of Middletown, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate Captain JOSIAH BLISS, late of ſaid Town, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, and allowed One Year from the Date hereof for ſaid Purpoſe:—Therefore the Creditors to the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed, are hereby notified to exhibit their reſpective Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the Time aforeſaid; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are hereby requeſted to make Payment to WILLIAM BLISS, of ſaid Middletown, Adminiſtrator.

OLIVER DURFEE } *Commiſ-*
ELISHA ALLEN. } *ſioners.*

Middletown, October 16, 1797

For SALE, by

SIMEON MARTIN,

MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Bag;—and, 2000 Buſhels of the beſt St. Ubes Salt.

Newport, Auguſt 7, 1797.

RY.

Four Hundred Buſhels of GOOD OATS.

Newport, Aug. 19. 1797.

For Sale, by

Chriſtopher Champlin,

RUSSIA clean HEMP,
Raven's DUCK,
Ruſſia DUCK,
Old Sable BAR-IRON,
CORDAGE, of all Sizes,
Hard SOAP, per Box.
And, MOLASSES by the Hogſhead.

Nathan B. Miller

HAS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, in Pipes and Quarter Caſks, 1ſt and 4th Proof,
COFFEE, by the Bag,
MALAGA WINE, by the Quarter Caſk,
Freſh RAISINS,
CHOCOLATE, by the Box—Welch's, No. 1
PLAYING CARDS, by the Dozen.

LIKEWISE,

A ſmall Invoice of Spices, containing
3 Bales of CASSIA,
12 lb. NUTMEGS,
3 lb. CLOVES.

FOR SALE, BY

SIMON DAVIS,

A Great Variety of Crockery and Glaſs Ware aſſorted; Crates of Crockery Ware aſſorted; Boxes of Glaſs Ware, containing Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glaſſes, Mugs, &c.—A few Boxes of Caſtile Soap.

The above Articles by Wholeſale and Retail.

French Brandy by Pipe, Barrel, or Half Barrel; excellent Sherry Wine, by the Caſk; a Quantity of Paper Hangings, by Wholeſale or Retail; and a few Pounds of ſewing Silk.

The beſt of Old Madeira Wine, Sherry, Port, Liſbon, Malaga, Claret; Brandy; Rum; London Porter, Brown Stout; Hyſon Tea; Chocolate; Sweet Oil;—and many other Articles in the Grocery Line, by Retail.

A few Puncheons of 2d and 3d Proof Windward Iſland RUM, cheap for Caſh.

Alſo a few Hogſheads and Tierces of *good* Molaſſes.

Beſt Port au Prince Molaſſes, by Hogſhead; Flour per Barrel, firſt Quality; Muſcovado Sugars, per Barrel.

New England Rum by the Hogſhead, Barrel, or leſs Quantity; Havannah White Sugar by the Barrel or Box; Rice, by the Tierce; Turpentine and Pitch by the Barrel.

A few Thouſand Shingles and Laths.—Alſo a few Brandy Pipes, ſuitable for Cyder,—cheap for Caſh.

American manufactured

Sail-Cloth,

Rhode-Iſland Fabrick,

No. 1, to 8,

arranted equal to Imported,

FOR SALE, BY

Chriſtopher Fowler.

Newport, July 10, 1797.

Tobacco and Snuff Manufactory.

KAIGHN & CAHOONE,

A few Doors South of the New Lane,

INFORM their Friends and Cuſtomers that they carry on the above Buſineſs as uſual, and keep a conſtant Supply of the following Kinds of TOBACCO and SNUFF, by Wholeſale and Retail, viz.

Pigtail fine and coarſe—Ladies Twiſt—Segars; Negro Head; Cut Tobacco for chewing and ſmoaking; Pigtail and Paper Tobacco for ſhipping; Rappee and Scotch Snuff; Sweet ſcented Mountain Tobacco, &c.

All the above Articles are warranted, and will be ſold as low as at New York, or any other State.

vices
longer
ten appears

...ailt th...

bliſhed in this country, ... for ... for its ...
ſeſt the emigration of its colony. Week...
in order to found a ...ored into for th...
ſubſcriptions have b... has already accum...
purpoſe. A large ... to a certain ſum ...
lated; when it ... American funds. Th...
will be laid out, who have united for th...
number of poor families, &c. is beyon...
purpoſe, father are principally of the mid...
credibility, though no exception whatever i...
dling clas... the uniform reaſon given by th...
mem... is the daily oppreſſions they ſuffer i...
this country; the ſmall probability there is o...
any preſent change, and the dread of the con...
cuſſions that muſt inevitably happen when...
ever that change does take place.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE, *in Diſbabille.*

No. XIX.

HE IS A GENIUS.

ALMOST every parent will ſay of his ſon, "he is a genius." Why?—Becauſe, from a very natural and innocent prejudice, he believes he is an extraordinary boy. If geniuſes meet with ſufficient encouragement, and your ſon happened to be one of theſe rare birds, it might be well to aſſiſt him in his flights. If he is not, never lead him into a fatal error. I ſeldom ſpend an evening at my neighbour Meanwell's, but he employs one half his time in praiſing the uncommon talents of his darling Sammy. He is called upon to ſpeak a number of declamations, he has learned at ſchool: his oratory has juſt as much merit as the parrot's. His writing and ciphering books are ſhown, as prodigies of improvement; they prove that he has had an inattentive maſter, and is a very careleſs ſcholar. The fond father believes him to be a natural poet: true he is fond of reading ballads, has been taught to repeat a number of hymns by heart, and like moſt children, is fond of the tinkling of rhyme. He has proceeded ſo far as to compoſe a few couplets, that would be a ſufficient antidote to the poetick mania. His little tricks are related as the marks of ſagacity, or flights of genius:—I am tired of hearing them. He is neither more nor leſs than other boys; and his father is like many other men. 'Tis a pity a lad ſhould be made a fool, becauſe he happens to be thought a genius. How often is a lad ſent to college, becauſe he is unfortunately miſtaken for an uncommon youth?—A father, who has not ſpare dollars enough to bring up his ſon at college, would do well never to *force* him from the beaten track of "honeſt induſtry; it has peace and plenty on the right hand, and on the left. A good common education and the habit of induſtry are worth more to a young man, than the dear bought and ill merited A. M.—Many may flutter on the artificial wings of genius; but few can ſoar above their fellow creatures. A real genius is a very rare thing; not to be ſeen in every family, except by the eye of dotage or ignorance. If a boy, from the production of his leiſure hours, that his mates devote to play, can produce a maſterly ſpecimen of mechanical genius, encourage his exertions, and let him follow the bent of his mind. If he diſcover an early propenſity to ſtudy, will be inſtuſtrious in the field, and forſeit the paſtimes of youth, for the entertainment of his books, becomes maſter of his Pike, and a proficient in philoſophy, and hiſtory, let him drink his fill at the Pierian ſpring—he *will* be a ſcholar. But if he is diſtinguiſhed for nothing but his flights of fancy, love of poetry, novels, and plays; tie him to the tail of the plough, rather than ſend him to college. Fancy, without judgment, is a fine ſhip without a rudder; it had better lie at anchor in a ſafe harbour, than be let adrift on the ocean. And genius, without application and economy, is a mere *ignus fatuus*; while it promiſes to guide the bewildered object to the temple of fame, it leads to the vale of oblivion.

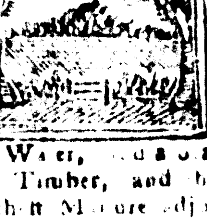
* * *

To be Sold, by

Thomas H. Hazard,

Of South Kingſtown,

The LITTLE NECK FARM,



CONtaining about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on three ſides by the Salt Water; with a Dwelling House, Cheeſe and Corn Houſe thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the beſt of Fruit, a good Well of Water, and a beautiful Grove of the beſt of Timber, and the greateſt Plenty of the richeſt Manure adjoining ſaid Farm, and the beſt Fiſhing and Fowling in New-England. For Pleaſantneſs, Situation & Richneſs of Soil, with every other Conveniency, no Eſtate in New-England can exceed it.—Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to ſaid HAZARD, adjoining the Premiſes.

October 6 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a PIECE of SILK was taken up, in one of the Streets of Newport, a few Days ſince.—Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to SAMUEL CARR, Ferryman, deſcribing the ſame, and paying Charges may have it again.

October 4, 1797.

... laſt the ... the diſ...

Old Circulating Library.

J. Richardſon,

AT THE POST-OFFICE,
Informs the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Newport, and the Public in general,

THAT he has enlarged his LIBRARY, which at preſent conſiſts of upwards of 1000 Volumes of American and Foreign Editions, of the lateſt Publications.—Should ſuitable Encouragement be given, Three Thouſand Volumes will be added, and every new Publication—Thoſe who wiſh to encourage the Old Library, will find the Terms lower than moderate.—Attendance Day and Night.

The Old Library conſiſts of the moſt approved and admired Travels, Voyages, Hiſtory, Divinity, Novels, and Romances, from Clariſſa Harlow down to Betty Burnes.

Alſo, a grand Aſſortment of Books and Stationary, to ſell on the moſt moderate Terms.

Likewiſe, a great Aſſortment Houſe-Papers, of American, French and British Manufacture; Poland Starch, beſt Muſtard, Pepper, Hollow Iron Ware, &c, &c. &c.

Newport, Oct. 9 1797.

For Sale, by

John Baker,

At his Store, formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Baniſter's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk or Gallon; Weſt-India Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugars by the Box or Barrel; White Spaniſh Flote by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Alſo a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which he will diſpoſe of, at a reduced Price for Caſh.

Newport, Oct. 9, 1797.

French Phyſician.

Doctor *SABBE,*

A NATIVE of France, having purſued Medical Studies, &c. in France—preſents his moſt reſpectful Compliments to the Citizens of the United States of North America, begs Leave to inform them in particular, and thoſe of Europe in general, that he has a vegetable Solvent, for the STONE and GRAVEL:—It relieves a Patient, labouring under a Strangury—removes Obſtructions of the Viſcera in general, in either Sex.

Alſo—He undertakes to cure CANCERS and SCROPHULOUS Humours.

N. B. Thoſe Patients afflicted with the Venereal Diſorder, may conſider him as beſt qualified to cure that Complaint.

He may be ſpoke with, at his Lodgings, at Capt. ROBERT POTTER'S, next Door to the Printing-Office.

Newport, Oct. 9. 1797.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of SAMUEL MARSHALL, late of Newport, Houſe Carpenter, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in for Settlement; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are required to make Payment to

MIRINA MARSHALL, *Executrix.*

Newport, Oct. 2, 1797

State of RHODE ISLAND *&c*
September 28, 1797.

THE Creditors of BENJAMIN BROWN, and JOHN BROWN (the ſecond) of Providence, in the County of Providence, Merchants in Company, under the Firm of Benjamin and John Brown, are hereby notified to appear, if they ſhall think fit, at the General Aſſembly to be holden at South Kingſtown, within and for the ſaid State, on the laſt Wedneſday in October next, then and there to ſhew Cauſe, if any they may have, why the Prayer of their Petition, for the Benefit of the Act paſſed in June, A. D. 1756, for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors, ought not to be granted.

HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

For SALE, by

George Champlin,

CLEAN Hemp—Ravens' Duck—Cordage of all Sizes—Old Sable Bar-Iron—Jamaica Spirits, per Hogſhead, high proof—Ruſſia Soap, per Box—Jamaica Sugar, per Barrel—Havannah Ditto, per Box—And a Quantity of Ruſſia Cordage, well aſſorted, entitled to Drawback.

Newport, Auguſt 21, 1797.

Stephen Pierce

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Alſo, an Aſſortment of neat GUN LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE. POWDER and SHOT; a few Bags of ANNISEED, a Quantity of excellent MUSTARD in Bottles, a ſmall Aſſortment of GLASS WARE of ſuperior Quality, and an Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE.

Alſo, FEATHERS by the Sack, or 50lb.

☞ Likewiſe GUNPOWDER, by the Caſk—And a Quantity of excellent SPANISH SEGARS.

Newport, Sept 19 1797.

Juſt received, and now ſelling, by

Robert Lawton,

At his Shop, in Thames ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS'S,

An extenſive Aſſortment of ENGLISH GOODS, of the lateſt and moſt faſhionable Kind—among which are,

SUPERFINE and 2d Broad-cloths, and Caſſimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Veſting—Nankinets, Jeans and Fuſtians—many entire new figured Calicoes, and a great Variety of Muſlins, and Ladies, and Gentlemens' faſhionable Beaver HATS.

Likewiſe, changeable Luteſtrings, and Tiffanies of various Colours, &c &c. &c.

Joſeph Finch

Has juſt Imported from Bourdeaux,

COGNAC BRANDY, of the Fourth Proof and upwards, of an excellent Flavour, Colour and Taſte; which he will diſpoſe of, at One Dollar and Eighty three Cents and one Third, per Gallon, by Whole ſale;—and at the Rate of Two Dollars per Gallon, at Retail.—All thoſe who would wiſh to buy Brandy, in its original State, may depend upon finding the ſame, at the Houſe of the Importer.

Newport, Auguſt 8, 1797.

Linſeed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Caſk or Gallon,
Beſt London White Lead, per Caſk or ſmaller Quantity,
Spaniſh Brown, Ditto Ditto,
Whiting, Ditto Ditto,
Stone Yellow, Spruce Ditto,
Red Lead, Patent Yellow,
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue,
Gold Leaf, Silver Ditto.

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Bruſhes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varniſh, black Varniſh of a ſuperior Quality for Veſſels, Roſin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By ſending the Dimenſions of a Houſe, Room, Veſſel, &c. &c. their diſtant Cuſtomers may be ſupplied with a ſufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the ſhorteſt Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Alſo—9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glaſs—and Putty.

FOR SALE,

Two RIGHTS in the

OHIO PURCHASE.—Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Oct. 2, 1797.

Coggeſhall & Burdick,

At their Shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames ſtreet,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Aſſortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Alſo, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewiſe, a great Variety of ſmall Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the abovesaid Shop, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

They preſent their Thanks to their former Cuſtomers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in General, that he has juſt received at his Store, directly oppoſite General MARTIN'S,

A prime and elegant Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, which he is determined to ſell very low.

BY WHOLESALE,
400 Pieces of thick Muſlins, of different Qualities and Widths,
50 Pieces Bandannoes,
100 Dimity Table Cloths.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his former Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.

FOR SALE,

A Convenient Dwelling-Houſe, ſituated in Spring Street, containing Five Rooms on a Floor; with a good Well of Water, Yard, and Garden, whereon ſtands a Stable.—The Lot is 80 Feet front by 50 back—For Particulars inquire of the Subſcriber on the Premiſes. E. BURRILL.

Newport, Sept. 5, 1797.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
Weſt India and New England RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,
A few Hogſheads of the firſt Quality Jamaica SUGAR,
MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, ſuitable for Retailing, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,
FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce.

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houſes, ſituated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townſhips in the Diſtrict of Main, which will be ſold at 50 Cents per Acre.

ALSO,

A ſmall FARM, pleaſantly ſituated, about Two Miles from the Narraganſet Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is ſtanding thereon a good Dwelling Houſe, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other neceſſary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a ſmall Orchard.—The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining ſaid Farm, is to be Sold alſo. The Farm will be ſold for 850 Dollars in Caſh, or one Half Caſh and the other Half in Weſt-India Goods, at ſigning the Deed.

He gives the higheſt Price for Old GOLD and SILVER.

HE

Carries on the BAKING Buſineſs, as uſual.—Has on Hand, SHIP and CABIN BREAD, of a good Quality.

Newport, ſſ. } THE Creditors of Abraham R. Rivera are hereby notified to appear, at the next Court of Common Pleas to be held at Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the Second Monday of November next, if they ſee Cauſe, to appoint Commiſſioners or Aſſignees to receive and diſtribute the Eſtate of the ſaid Abraham among his Creditors; and to carry into Effect the Benefit of an Act, made and paſſed in the Year 1756, entitled, an Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, the ſame having been extended to him at the Seſſions of Aſſembly held in February laſt.

Witneſs, THO. PECKHAM, *Clerk.*

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

WANTED,

TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that inclines to learn the above Buſineſs.

Chriſtopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,

All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the beſt flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.

☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL-CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Sept. 14, 1797.

blished in this country, — for [illegible] for its ol[illegible] ject the emigration of its [illegible] colony. Weekl[illegible] in order to found a [illegible] ared into for th[illegible] subscriptions have b[illegible] has already accum[illegible] purpose. A large [illegible] to a certain sum [illegible] lated; when it [illegible] American funds. Th[illegible] will be laid out, who have united for th[illegible] number of pe[illegible] of families, &c. is beyon[illegible] purpose, fat[illegible] they are principally of the *mid[illegible] credibili[illegible] though no exception whatever i[illegible] dling cla[illegible] the uniform reason given by th[illegible] made [illegible] memb[illegible] is the daily oppreſſions they ſuffer i[illegible] thi[illegible] country; the ſmall probability there is o[illegible] a present change, and the dread of the con[illegible] [illegible] that muſt inevitably happen whenever that change does take place.

From the FARMER's WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE, *in Diſhabille.*

No. XIX.

HE IS A GENIUS.

ALMOST every parent will ſay of his ſon, "he is a genius." Why?—Becauſe, from a very natural and innocent prejudice, he believes he is an extraordinary boy. If geniuſes meet with ſufficient encouragement, and your ſon happened to be one of theſe rare birds, it might be well to aſſiſt him in his flights. If he is not, never lead him into a fatal error. I ſeldom ſpend an evening at my neighbour Meanwell's, but he employs one half his time in praiſing the uncommon talents of his darling Sammy. He is called upon to ſpeak a number of declamations, he has learned at ſchool: his oratory has juſt as much merit as the parrot's. His writing and ciphering books are ſhown, as prodigies of improvement; they prove that he has had an inattentive maſter, and is a very careleſs ſcholar. The fond father believes him to be a natural poet: true he is fond of reading ballads, has been taught to repeat a number of hymns by heart, and like moſt children, is fond of the tinkling of rhyme. He has proceeded ſo far as to compoſe a few couplets, that would be a ſufficient antidote to the poetick mania. His little tricks are related as the marks of ſagacity, or flights of genius:—I am tired of hearing them. He is neither more nor leſs than other boys; and his father is like many other men. 'Tis a pity a lad ſhould be made a fool, becauſe he happens to be thought a genius. How often is a lad ſent to college, becauſe he is unfortunately miſtaken for an uncommon youth?—A father, who has not ſpare dollars enough to bring up his ſon at college, would do well never to *force* him from the beaten track of "honeſt induſtry; it has peace and plenty on the right hand, and on the left. A good common education and the habit of induſtry are worth more to a young man, than the dear bought and ill merited A. M.—Many may flutter on the artificial wings of genius; but few can ſoar above their fellow creatures. A real genius is a very rare thing; not to be ſeen in every family, except by the eye of dotage or ignorance. If a boy, from the production of his leiſure hours, that his mates devote to play, can produce a maſterly ſpecimen of mechanical genius, encourage his exertions, and let him follow the bent of his mind. If he diſcover an early propenſity to ſtudy, will be induſtrious in the field, and forfeit the paſtimes of youth, for the entertainment of his books, becomes maſter of his Pike, and a proficient in philoſophy, and hiſtory, let him drink his fill at the Pierian ſpring—he *will* be a ſcholar. But if he is diſtinguiſhed for nothing but his flights of fancy, love of poetry, novels, and plays; tie him to the tail of the plough, rather than ſend him to college. Fancy, without judgment, is a fine ſhip without a rudder; it had better lie at anchor in a ſafe harbour, than be let adrift on the ocean. And genius, without application and economy, is a mere *ignus fatuus*; while it promiſes to guide the bewildered object to the temple of fame, it leads to the vale of oblivion.

◆ ◆ ◆

To be Sold, by

Thomas H. Hazard,

Of South Kingſtown,

The LITTLE NECK FARM,

CONtaining about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on [illegible] Sides by the Salt W[illegible] fifty with a Dwelling H[illegible] Cheeſe and Corn Houſe thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the beſt [illegible] Fruit, a good Well of Water, [illegible] a beautiful Grove of the beſt of Timber, and the greateſt Plenty of the richeſt Manure adjoining ſaid Farm, and the beſt Fiſhing and Fowling in New-England. For Pleaſantneſs, Situation & Richneſs of Soil, with every other Conveniency, no Eſtate in New-England can exceed it.—Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to ſaid HAZARD, adjoining the Premiſes.

October 6, 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a PIECE of SILK was taken up, in one of the Streets of Newport, a few Days ſince.—Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to SAMUEL CARR, Ferryman, deſcribing the ſame, and paying Charges may have it again.

October 4, 1797.

[illegible] laſt the [illegible] the din[illegible]

Old Circulating Library.

J. Richardſon,

AT THE POST-OFFICE,

Informs the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Newport, and the Public in general,

THAT he has enlarged his LIBRARY, which at preſent conſiſts of upwards of 1000 Volumes of American and Foreign Editions, of the lateſt Publications.—Should ſuitable Encouragement be given, Three Thouſand Volumes will be added, and every new Publication.—Thoſe who wiſh to encourage the Old Library, will find the Terms lower than moderate.—Attendance Day and Night.

The Old Library conſiſts of the moſt approved and admired Travels, Voyages, Hiſtory, Divinity, Novels, and Romances, from Clariſſa Harlow down to Betty Burnes.

Alſo, a grand Aſſortment of Books and Stationary, to ſell on the moſt moderate Terms.

Likewiſe, a great Aſſortment Houſe-Papers, of American, French and British Manufacture; Poland Starch, beſt Muſtard, Pepper, Hollow Iron Ware, &c, &c. &c.

Newport, Oct. 9, 1797.

For Sale, by

John Baker,

At his Store, formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Baniſter's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk or Gallon; Weſt-India Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugars by the Box or Barrel; White Spaniſh Flote by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Alſo a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which he will diſpoſe of, at a reduced Price for Caſh.

Newport, Oct. 9, 1797.

French Phyſician.

Doctor *SABBE,*

A NATIVE of France, having purſued Medical Studies, &c. in France—preſents his moſt reſpectful Compliments to the Citizens of the United States of North America, begs Leave to inform them in particular, and thoſe of Europe in general, that he has a vegetable Solvent, for the STONE and GRAVEL:—It relieves a Patient, labouring under a Strangury—removes Obſtructions of the Viſcera in general, in either Sex.

Alſo—He undertakes to cure CANCERS and SCROPHULOUS Humours.

N. B. Thoſe Patients afflicted with the Venereal Diſorder, may conſider him as beſt qualified to cure that Complaint.

He may be ſpoke with, at his Lodgings, at Capt. ROBERT POTTER's, next Door to the Printing-Office.

Newport, Oct. 9, 1797.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of SAMUEL MARSHALL, late of Newport, Houſe Carpenter, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in for Settlement; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are required to make Payment to

MIRINA MARSHALL, *Executrix.*

Newport, Oct. 2, 1797.

State of RHODE ISLAND *&c.*

September 28, 1797.

THE Creditors of BENJAMIN BROWN, and JOHN BROWN (the ſecond) of Providence, in the County of Providence, Merchants in Company, under the Firm of Benjamin and John Brown, are hereby notified to appear, if they ſhall think fit, at the General Aſſembly to be holden at South Kingſtown, within and for the ſaid State, on the laſt Wedneſday in October next, then and there to ſhew Cauſe, if any they may have, why the Prayer of their Petition, for the Benefit of the Act paſſed in June, A. D. 1756, for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors, ought not to be granted.

HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

For SALE, by

George Champlin,

CLEAN Hemp—Ravens' Duck—Cordage of all Sizes—Old Sable Bar-Iron—Jamaica Spirits, per Hogſhead, high proof—Ruſſia Soap, per Box—Jamaica Sugar, per Barrel—Havannah Ditto, per Box—And a Quantity of Ruſſia Cordage, well aſſorted, entitled to Drawback.

Newport, Auguſt 21, 1797.

Stephen Pierce

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Alſo, an Aſſortment of neat GUN LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT; a few Bags of ANNISEED, a Quantity of excellent MUSTARD in Bottles, a ſmall Aſſortment of GLASS WARE of ſuperior Quality, and an Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE.

Alſo, FEATHERS by the Sack, or 50lb.

☞ Likewiſe—GUNPOWDER, by the Caſk—And a Quantity of excellent SPANISH SEGARS.

Newport, Sept 19, 1797.

Juſt received, and now ſelling, by

Robert Lawton,

At his Shop, in Thames ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS's,

An extenſive Aſſortment of ENGLISH GOODS, of the lateſt and moſt faſhionable Kind—among which are,

SUPERFINE and 2d Broadcloths, and Caſſimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Veſting—Nankinets, Jeans and Fuſtians—many entire new figured Calicoes, and a great Variety of Muſlins, and Ladies, and Gentlemens' faſhionable Beaver HATS.

Likewiſe, changeable Luteſtrings, and Tiffanies of various Colours, &c. &c. &c.

Joſeph Finch

Has juſt Imported from Bourdeaux,

COGNAC BRANDY, of the Fourth Proof and upwards, of an excellent Flavour, Colour and Taſte; which he will diſpoſe of, at One Dollar and Eighty three Cents and one Third, per Gallon, by Wholeſale;—and at the Rate of Two Dollars per Gallon, at Retail.—All thoſe who would wiſh to buy Brandy, in its original State, may depend upon finding the ſame, at the Houſe of the Importer.

Newport, Auguſt 8, 1797.

Linſeed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Caſk or Gallon,

Beſt London White Lead, per Caſk or ſmaller Quantity,

Spaniſh Brown,	Ditto	Ditto,
Whiting,	Ditto	Ditto,
Stone Yellow,	Spruce Ditto,	
Red Lead,	Patent Yellow,	
Verdigreaſe,	Pruſſian Blue,	
Gold Leaf,	Silver Ditto.	

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Bruſhes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varniſh, black Varniſh of a ſuperior Quality for Veſſels, Roſin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By ſending the Dimenſions of a Houſe, Room, Veſſel, &c. &c. their diſtant Cuſtomers may be ſupplied with a ſufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the ſhorteſt Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Alſo—9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glaſs—and Putty.

FOR SALE,

Two RIGHTS in the

OHIO PURCHASE.—Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Oct. 2, 1797.

Coggeſhall & Burdick,

At their Shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames ſtreet,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Aſſortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Alſo, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewiſe, a great Variety of ſmall Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the abovefaid Shop, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

They preſent their Thanks to their former Cuſtomers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in General, that he has juſt received at his Store, directly oppoſite General MARTIN's,

A prime and elegant Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, which he is determined to ſell very low.

BY WHOLESALE,

400 Pieces of thick Muſlins, of different Qualities and Widths,

50 Pieces Bandannoes,

100 Dimity Table-Cloths.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his former Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.

FOR SALE,

A Convenient Dwelling-Houſe, ſituated in Spring Street, containing Five Rooms on a Floor; with a good Well of Water, Yard, and Garden, whereon ſtands a Stable.—The Lot is 80 Feet front by 50 back.—For Particulars inquire of the Subſcriber on the Premiſes. E. BURRILL.

Newport, Sept. 5, 1797.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,

Weſt India and New England RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,

BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,

A few Hogſheads of the firſt Quality Jamaica SUGAR,

MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, ſuitable for Retailing, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,

HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,

FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce.

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houſes, ſituated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townſhips in the Diſtrict of Main, which will be ſold at 50 Cents per Acre.

ALSO,

A ſmall FARM, pleaſantly ſituated, about Two Miles from the Narraganſet Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is ſtanding thereon a good Dwelling Houſe, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other neceſſary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a ſmall Orchard.—The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining ſaid Farm, is to be Sold alſo. The Farm will be ſold for 850 Dollars in Caſh, or one Half Caſh and the other Half in Weſt-India Goods, at ſigning the Deed.

He gives the higheſt Price for Old GOLD and SILVER.

HE

Carries on the BAKING Buſineſs, as uſual.—Has on Hand, SHIP and CABIN BREAD, of a good Quality.

Newport, ſſ. } THE Creditors of Abraham R. Rivera are hereby notified to appear, at the next Court of Common Pleas to be held at Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the Second Monday of November next, if they ſee Cauſe, to appoint Commiſſioners or Aſſignees to receive and diſtribute the Eſtate of the ſaid Abraham among his Creditors; and to carry into Effect the Benefit of an Act, made and paſſed in the Year 1756, entitled, an Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, the ſame having been extended to him at the Seſſions of Aſſembly held in February laſt.

Witneſs, THO. PECKHAM, *Clerk.*

Newport, Oct. 16, 1797.

WANTED,

TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that incines to learn the above Buſineſs.

Chriſtopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,

All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the beſt flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.

☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL-CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Sept. 14, 1797.